



2023-2024 Academic Year

Graduating Seniors Survey

Summary Report



Prepared by the Research Department American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine

AACOM 2022-2023 Academic Year Graduating Seniors Survey Summary Report, Abstract

Each year, the American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine (AACOM) collaborates with the nation's colleges of osteopathic medicine (COMs) to distribute the AACOM Graduating Seniors Survey. This survey queries graduates on a variety of topics, compiling a comprehensive snapshot of students' self-reported debt and financing of medical education, educational experiences, and satisfaction with their medical education. Additionally, the survey asks students to outline their plans for graduate medical education (GME), specialty selection, and career.

This year, in addition to collecting our traditional survey responses from graduating seniors, students were asked to share their reflections on three crucial areas, "How empathy relates to OME", "How medical educators can promote mental health and well-being" and "How DO students experience bias in the Match process". AACOM intends to publish reports with the results from these three studies on the AACOM website and/or AACOM analytics.

The distribution of the 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors Survey was carried out by AACOM using Qualtrics, our survey software, with students' email addresses provided by AACOM's member COMs. These email addresses were used to create a distribution list for the direct administration of the survey to students, accessible from any device using their unique survey link. Students also had the flexibility to save and complete the survey at their convenience. Qualtrics sent reminders to students who had not completed their surveys throughout the survey cycle. In addition, coordinators received weekly updates on response rates and could request additional updates during the survey cycle. COMs that opted out of providing their students' email addresses received the survey through an anonymous link. The anonymous survey link does not collect any identifying information (such as name or email address) unless the student voluntarily provides it while completing the survey. Students completing the survey via this method of distribution still had the flexibility to save and complete the survey at their convenience.

A total of 4,146 expected 2023 graduates responded to the survey, representing 34 COMs and branch campuses. The 2023 "Osteopathic Medical School Graduate Placements in 2023 Match Report" had anticipated a graduate count of 7,859. Based on this total, the response rate for the Graduating Seniors Survey is approximately 53 percent. The "AACOM 2022-2023 Academic Year Graduating Seniors Survey Summary Report" is made available to the public, while COMs have access to their school's data dashboards within AACOM analytics.

Several sets of responses are noted below.

Self-Reported Student Debt and Scholarships

Table 1.1: The overall mean osteopathic medical education debt reported by 2023 graduates is \$254,987—an increase of \$2,892 or 1 percent since 2022. Ninety percent of 2023 graduates reported having debt. The mean debt reported by public COM graduates is \$236,175 compared to private COM graduates at \$259,652—a difference of \$23,477 or 9.5 percent. Both public and private COM graduates experienced an increase in mean debt from 2022, with public COM graduates reporting a larger increase of 5.4% compared to 1.2% for private COM graduates.

Table 1.1—1.1a: Forty-nine percent of graduates reported receiving a Subsidized Stafford Loan. From 2022 to 2023, the percentage of students who reported receiving a Subsidized Stafford Loan increased by 14 percent. The overall median Subsidized Stafford Loan amount reported by 2023 graduates is \$25,000—an increase of \$1,247 or 5.2 percent from 2022.

Table 1.1: Eight percent of 2023 graduates reported receiving a Perkins Loan—an increase of 33.3 percent from 2022. The mean Perkins Loan amount reported by the 2023 graduates is \$18,943—an increase of \$2,198 or 13.1 percent from 2022. The number of 2023 graduates reported receiving a Graduate PLUS loan increased from 2022 to 2023 by 2.5 percent. The mean Graduate PLUS loan amount reported was \$136,074—an increase from 2022 by 4.3 percent or \$5,557.

Table 2.1: In 2023, male graduates reported a slightly higher mean osteopathic medical education debt of \$258,2490, compared to female graduates reported a mean osteopathic medical education debt of \$253,419. The difference in the mean debt reported by male and female graduates is 2.0 percent or \$5,071. Ninety percent of males and 89 percent of females reported having osteopathic medical education debt—an increase from 2022 by 1.1 percent for males and a 2.2 percent decrease for females.

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Table 2.2: Compared to the overall student population, 97 percent of Black/African Americans reported graduating with debt. Ninety-one percent of both Hispanic/Latino and White graduates reported graduating with debt. Asian students continue to report lower debt (85 percent) with a mean graduate debt of \$232,122. Additional data displaying debt by demographic factors are in Tables 2.3 – 3.1a.

Table 8.1: The mean scholarship/grant award amount reported by 2023 graduates is \$71,478. Sixty-three percent of graduates reported receiving scholarship/grant awards. Public COM graduates reported receiving higher scholarships and grants totals compared to private COM graduates. Scholarships and grants reported by public COM graduates total \$54,723, with private COM graduates reporting \$76,255. Seventy percent of public COM 2023 graduates reported receiving scholarships and grants, compared to 61 percent of private COM graduates—a difference of 13.7 percent. Data showing scholarships and grants by demographic factors are in Tables 8.1 – 9.6.

Satisfaction with Osteopathic Medical Education

Table 11: Sixty-six percent of the 2023 graduates reported being "very satisfied" or "satisfied" with their osteopathic medical training. The mean satisfaction rating is 3.8 on a scale from 1 to 5; 1 being "very dissatisfied" and 5 being "very satisfied."

Table 12: Seventy-two percent of the 2023 graduates reported being "very satisfied" or "satisfied" with their career selection in osteopathic medicine. The mean satisfaction rating is 4.0 on a scale from 1 to 5; 1 being "very dissatisfied" and 5 being "very satisfied."

Graduate Osteopathic Medical Education and Primary Care Specialty Plans

Table 66: Sixty-four percent of the 2023 graduates reported entering an ACGME residency without osteopathic recognition immediately after graduation—an increase of 1.6 percent from 2022. Twenty-five percent reported entering an ACGME residency with osteopathic recognition—consistent from the previous year's reported total.

Tables 81 & 83: Fifty-four percent of graduates reported plans to specialize in the primary care disciplines of general internal medicine, general pediatrics, and family medicine. The highest-rated influence on specialty choice is "Intellectual Content of the Specialty" with a rating of 3.0 on a scale of 0 to 4; 0 being "no influence" and 4 being "major influence." The least three factors that influence specialty choices are "Prestige/Income Potential, "Debt Level," and "Program has Osteopathic Recognition." Tables 66 – 84 display more complete information on specialty and practice plans.

If you have any questions, please contact AACOM Research Department at research@aacom.org.

Table I.I: Mean Osteopathic Medical Education Debt - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Debt		Debt [‡]			% in Debt		
	All Schools	Public	Private	All Schools	Public	Private	
Total Osteopathic Medical Education Loans							
2022-2023	\$254,987	\$236,175	\$259,652	90%	90%	90%	
2021-2022	\$252,094	\$224,124	\$256,659	90%	91%	90%	
2020-2021	\$257,335	\$241,588	\$259,995	91%	92%	90%	
Unsubsidized Stafford or FFELP							
2022-2023	\$158,546	\$159,969	\$158,161	86%	88%	86%	
2021-2022	\$157,926	\$155,764	\$158,309	86%	89%	85%	
2020-2021	\$162,539	\$163,788	\$162,317	88%	90%	88%	
Subsidized Stafford or FFELP		, ,	, ,				
2022-2023	\$33,420	\$34,606	\$33,074	49%	51%	49%	
2021-2022	\$32,671	\$31,157	\$32,944	43%	43%	43%	
2020-2021	\$33,306	\$37,415	\$32,615	45%	48%	45%	
Graduate PLUS	ψ33,300	ψ37,113	Ψ32,013	1370	1070	1370	
2022-2023	\$136,074	\$106,000	\$143,194	81%	81%	81%	
2021-2022	\$130,517	\$105,503	\$133,892	79%	74%	80%	
2020-2021	\$126,894	\$110,244	\$129,400	82%	80%	82%	
Perkins	4.20,0 .	4 3,	4 .=*,.**	02/0		02/0	
2022-2023	\$18,943	\$13,215	\$20,128	8%	7%	9%	
2021-2022	\$16,745	\$7,477	\$17,981	6%	5%	6%	
2020-2021	\$20,526	\$20,964	\$20,426	8%	10%	8%	
Loans for Disadvantaged Students (LDS)	420,020	Ψ=3,: 3 :	4-0,0			0,0	
2022-2023	\$19,323	\$29,617	\$14,177	3%	5%	3%	
2021-2022	\$52,339	\$90,224	\$61,005	2%	6%	3%	
2020-2021	\$50,994	\$67,000	\$42,991	1%	2%	1%	
Primary Care Loan (PCL)	Ψ30,771	407,000	Ψ .=,,,,	170		1,0	
2022-2023	\$139,363	\$86,165	\$147,675	5%	3%	5%	
2021-2022	\$123,517	\$90,224	\$132,880	3%	4%	3%	
2020-2021	\$166,261	\$139,140	\$170,002	3%	3%	3%	
Other State-Issued Loans	Ψ100,201	ψ137,140	Ψ170,002	3/6	3/6	3/6	
2022-2023	\$79,932	\$17,792	\$106,221	5%	7%	4%	
2021-2022	\$75,087	\$63,970	\$79,391	3%	6%	3%	
2020-2021	\$87,696	\$39,267	\$103,839	3%	6%	3%	
Osteopathic Association Loans	ψ07,070	ψ37,207	Ψ103,037	3/6	0/8	3/6	
2022-2023	\$3,238	\$337	\$4,109	2%	2%	2%	
2021-2022	\$29,887	\$20,004	\$32,852	1%	1%	1%	
2020-2021	\$21,358	\$0	\$21,358	0%	0%	0%	
Alternative Loans	Ψ21,330	40	Ψ21,330	070	0/8	0/0	
2022-2023	\$101,662	\$81,841	\$106,483	6%	5%	6%	
2021-2022	\$111,196	\$36,704	\$118,499	4%	2%	4%	
2020-2021	\$111,196	\$36,704	\$118, 4 99 \$116,253	3%	2% 2%	4% 3%	
Other	φ105,776	φ13,000	φιιο,233	J/0	2/0	3/0	
2022-2023	\$134,636	\$85,109	\$143,399	17%	14%	18%	
2021-2022							
	\$145,762	\$79,770	\$151,313	16%	8%	17%	
2020-2021	\$139,013	\$143,250	\$138,653	15%	8%	16%	

^{*}All debt data are self-reported by survey respondents. ‡Mean taken from responses greater than zero.



Table I.Ia: Median Osteopathic Medical Education Debt - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Debt		Debt		# of S t	tudents
	All Schools	Public	Private	Public	Private
Total Osteopathic Medical Education Loans					
2022-2023	\$274,000	\$250,000	\$280,000	453	1,827
2021-2022	\$268,751	\$233,794	\$272,736	456	2,794
2020-2021	\$274,000	\$248,762	\$278,110	379	2,244
Unsubsidized Stafford or FFELP	4 =1.3,000	4 = 13,1 3=	4 =0,000		_,
2022-2023	\$176,413	\$176,277	\$176,439	409	1,510
2021-2022	\$179,868	\$175,334	\$180,000	424	2,394
2020-2021	\$181,999	\$178,912	\$182,118	355	2,002
Subsidized Stafford or FFELP	φισι,	ψ17 0 ,712	Ψ102,110	333	2,002
2022-2023	\$25,000	\$32,000	\$24,127	137	470
2021-2022	\$23,753	\$20,000	\$24,650	119	659
2020-2021	\$23,179	\$42,842	\$27,030	90	535
Graduate PLUS	\$23,177	Φ42,042	Φ ΖΖ,77Ζ	70	333
2022-2023	\$122,395	\$87,636	\$132,783	312	1,318
2021-2022	\$119,853	\$96,699	\$132,703	271	2,008
2020-2021	\$115,373	\$100,000	\$120,000	244	1,621
Perkins	\$115,575	\$100,000	\$120,000	277	1,021
2022-2023	\$4,657	\$4,350	\$4,876	12	58
2021-2022	\$4,544	\$1,150	\$5,000	10	75
2020-2021	\$5,000	\$5,500	\$5,000	15	66
Loans for Disadvantaged Students (LDS)	φ3,000	φ3,300	\$3,000	13	00
2022-2023	\$3,000	\$12,000	\$76	9	18
2021-2022	\$45,174	\$12,000	\$13,001	12	12
2020-2021					
	\$40,000	\$60,000	\$27,500	3	6
Primary Care Loan (PCL) 2022-2023	¢07.000	#1 000	#00 F00	Г	32
2021-2022	\$97,000	\$1,000	\$98,500	5	
2020-2021	\$100,000	\$40,000	\$100,000	9	32
	\$150,000	\$142,740	\$150,000	4	29
Other State-Issued Loans 2022-2023	#20.000	#17.700	£45,000		27
2021-2022	\$20,000	\$17,700	\$45,000	11	26
	\$40,000	\$31,500	\$41,000	12	31
2020-2021	\$27,567	\$22,000	\$38,579	8	24
Osteopathic Association Loans	*	* 1.1	*	2	10
2022-2023 2021-2022	\$6	\$11	\$6	3	10
	\$1,000	\$10	\$11,750	3	10
2020-2021	\$10,000	\$0	\$10,000	0	4
Alternative Loans	422.112	#1E 000	# 40 000	•	
2022-2023	\$32,110	\$15,000	\$40,000	9	37
2021-2022	\$77,376	\$8,500	\$85,000	5	51
2020-2021	\$80,000	\$15,000	\$99,324	3	26
Other					
2022-2023	\$83,000	\$8,000	\$99,000	23	130
2021-2022	\$100,000	\$42,500	\$101,000	18	214
2020-2021	\$120,000	\$110,000	\$120,000	12	141

^{*}All debt data are self-reported by survey respondents.



Table I.2: Mean Non-Osteopathic Medical Education Debt - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Debt		Debt [‡]			% in Debt		
	All Schools	Public	Private	All Schools	Public	Private	
At Entry, Loans Owing for Undergraduate Education							
2022-2023	\$46,023	\$43,789	\$46,605	43%	47%	42%	
2021-2022	\$47,284	\$43,034	\$47,922	41%	42%	41%	
2020-2021	\$51,116	\$46,383	\$51,898	47%	50%	47%	
At Entry, Loans Owing for Graduate Education†							
2022-2023	\$116,070	\$136,831	\$111,721	23%	21%	24%	
2021-2022	\$99,147	\$98,578	\$99,205	23%	16%	24%	
2020-2021	\$51,529	\$53,736	\$51,320	15%	10%	16%	
Reported Family Loans to be Repaid by Student							
2022-2023	\$103,998	\$83,292	\$109,710	5%	5%	5%	
2021-2022	\$107,408	\$80,722	\$111,268	5%	5%	5%	
2020-2021	\$113,542	\$125,467	\$111,698	4%	4%	4%	
Reported Non-Educational Debt							
2022-2023	\$29,771	\$32,435	\$29,134	38%	39%	38%	
2021-2022	\$29,714	\$29,028	\$29,804	34%	30%	34%	
2020-2021	\$30,486	\$28,011	\$30,881	33%	33%	33%	

^{*}All debt data are self-reported by respondents of the survey.

Table 1.2a: Median Non-Osteopathic Medical Education Debt - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Debt		Debt			# of Students		
	All Schools	Public	Private	Public	Private		
At Entry, Loans Owing for Undergraduate Education							
2022-2023	\$28,000	\$30,000	\$27,736	308	1,181		
2021-2022	\$28,126	\$27,000	\$29,000	247	1,647		
2020-2021	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	257	1,555		
At Entry, Loans Owing for Graduate Education†							
2022-2023	\$57,000	\$80,000	\$52,500	137	654		
2021-2022	\$50,000	\$53,000	\$50,000	94	928		
2020-2021	\$40,000	\$36,915	\$40,000	46	486		
Reported Family Loans to be Repaid by Student							
2022-2023	\$40,000	\$35,000	\$50,000	24	87		
2021-2022	\$63,500	\$80,000	\$60,000	23	159		
2020-2021	\$82,500	\$100,000	\$80,000	15	97		
Reported Non-Educational Debt							
2022-2023	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	231	965		
2021-2022	\$15,000	\$17,000	\$15,000	167	1,280		
2020-2021	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	161	1,010		

^{*}All debt data are self-reported by respondents of the survey.

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

[†] In 2021-2022, the Graduating Senior Survey was updated to collect undergraduate and graduate education debt separately.

 $[\]dagger$ In 2021-2022, the Graduating Senior Survey was updated to collect undergraduate and graduate education debt separately.

Table 2.1: Reported Debt and Gender

Gender	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
Male	Mean	Median		Students
2022-2023	\$258,490	\$279,003	90%	1,090
2021-2022	\$255,208	\$270,575	89%	1,642
2020-2021	\$257,757	\$279,006	91%	1,369
Female				
2022-2023	\$253,419	\$271,047	89%	1,178
2021-2022	\$249,574	\$264,539	91%	1,588
2020-2021	\$257,157	\$270,000	90%	1,216

Table 2.2: Reported Debt and Race/Ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
White	Mean	Median		Students
2022-2023	\$260,788	\$280,000	91%	1,458
2021-2022	\$257,987	\$275,000	91%	2,009
2020-2021	\$263,192	\$279,000	91%	1,646
Asian				
2022-2023	\$232,122	\$240,000	85%	434
2021-2022	\$230,352	\$240,000	85%	642
2020-2021	\$234,048	\$250,000	88%	531
Hispanic/Latino				
2022-2023	\$262,257	\$294,751	90%	182
2021-2022	\$254,979	\$270,000	91%	290
2020-2021	\$254,239	\$280,000	93%	217
Black or African American				
2022-2023	\$300,722	\$312,706	97%	58
2021-2022	\$295,783	\$303,245	97%	104
2020-2021	\$295,353	\$314,824	95%	62
All Others*				
2022-2023	\$251,363	\$278,507	89%	84
2021-2022	\$243,526	\$252,658	90%	94
2020-2021	\$265,964	\$281,196	87%	72

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 2.3: Reported Debt and Marital Status

Marital Status	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
Married/Cohabiting	Mean	Median		Students
2022-2023	\$261,360	\$283,529	91%	793
2021-2022	\$263,233	\$280,000	91%	1,137
2020-2021	\$258,010	\$276,182	92%	974
Single				
2022-2023	\$253,037	\$270,000	89%	1,473
2021-2022	\$246,720	\$260,000	89%	2,085
2020-2021	\$256,445	\$271,958	90%	1,614

Table 2.4: Reported Debt and Financial Status

Financial Status	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
Independent	Mean	Median		Students
2022-2023	\$274,246	\$295,226	94%	1,468
2021-2022	\$269,582	\$285,000	94%	2,159
2020-2021	\$270,399	\$289,000	95%	1,842
Dependent				
2022-2023	\$222,745	\$230,000	83%	793
2021-2022	\$218,295	\$224,000	83%	1,066
2020-2021	\$224,910	\$225,000	82%	736

‡Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 2.5: Reported Debt and Parental Income

Parental Income	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
\$49,999 or less	Mean	Median		Students
2022-2023	\$271,411	\$300,000	94%	266
2021-2022	\$267,713	\$282,420	95%	406
2020-2021	\$271,091	\$289,247	95%	349
\$50,000 - \$99,999				
2022-2023	\$275,359	\$298,700	93%	503
2021-2022	\$260,996	\$275,070	95%	851
2020-2021	\$266,273	\$280,000	94%	704
\$100,000 - \$199,999				
2022-2023	\$254,582	\$269,957	92%	718
2021-2022	\$254,578	\$270,576	92%	999
2020-2021	\$259,011	\$277,642	92%	767
\$200,000 or more				
2022-2023	\$236,604	\$250,000	83%	607
2021-2022	\$232,512	\$248,000	81%	729
2020-2021	\$235,855	\$249,000	83%	590



Table 2.6: Reported Debt and Parental Education

Parental Education [†]	Debt [‡]	Debt	% in Debt	# of
Graduate/Professional Degree	Mean	Median		Students
2022-2023	\$250,154	\$260,000	87%	1,092
2021-2022	\$243,538	\$260,000	86%	1,536
2020-2021	\$248,544	\$260,267	88%	1,202
Bachelor's Degree				
2022-2023	\$253,225	\$276,000	91%	645
2021-2022	\$256,143	\$270,000	93%	951
2020-2021	\$261,590	\$278,674	93%	776
No College Degree				
2022-2023	\$273,554	\$293,250	95%	509
2021-2022	\$266,960	\$282,322	94%	723
2020-2021	\$267,941	\$284,097	94%	605

[†]Highest education level indicated between mother and father considered.

Table 3.1: Mean Reported Debt, Parental Income, and Financial Independence/Dependence

Parental Income	D	Debt‡		% in I	Debt
	Dependent	Independent	Difference	Dependent	Independent
\$49,999 or less					
2022-2023	\$206,158	\$287,470	33%	94%	94%
2021-2022	\$227,859	\$278,347	20%	94%	95%
2020-2021	\$249,249	\$276,738	10%	90%	97%
\$50,000 - \$99,999					
2022-2023	\$239,016	\$288,158	19%	89%	95%
2021-2022	\$226,285	\$272,585	19%	90%	96%
2020-2021	\$240,736	\$273,752	13%	90%	95%
\$100,000 - \$199,999					
2022-2023	\$230,782	\$269,532	15%	88%	95%
2021-2022	\$225,703	\$271,564	18%	88%	94%
2020-2021	\$228,945	\$271,819	17%	85%	95%
\$200,000 or more					
2022-2023	\$209,552	\$261,846	22%	76%	91%
2021-2022	\$207,012	\$254,433	21%	73%	89%
2020-2021	\$206,102	\$255,259	21%	73%	92%

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 3.1a: Median Reported Debt, Parental Income, and Financial Independence/Dependence

Parental Income	D	Debt‡		dents
	Dependent	Independent	Dependent	Independent
\$49,999 or less				
2022-2023	\$200,000	\$308,592	49	216
2021-2022	\$244,840	\$300,000	80	325
2020-2021	\$250,232	\$299,000	76	271
\$50,000 - \$99,999				
2022-2023	\$250,000	\$300,000	131	372
2021-2022	\$224,000	\$285,446	213	638
2020-2021	\$245,384	\$286,298	161	542
\$100,000 - \$199,999				
2022-2023	\$240,000	\$289,000	277	441
2021-2022	\$240,000	\$289,000	370	629
2020-2021	\$237,799	\$289,500	227	536
\$200,000 or more				
2022-2023	\$220,000	\$280,000	293	314
2021-2022	\$208,181	\$270,620	337	392
2020-2021	\$200,000	\$281,166	236	353

[#]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 4: Osteopathic Education Debt, Consolidation & Repayment Plans

0/ C 4d a m4a	# of		
% Students	Students		
39%	1,462		
41%	1,944		
39%	1,515		
26%	959		
28%	1,321		
27%	1,063		
35%	1,298		
32%	1,508		
34%	1,348		
12	3,330		
12	4,296		
12	3,601		
	41% 39% 26% 28% 27% 35% 32% 34%		

Table 5: Osteopathic Education Debt & Loan Forgiveness Participation Plans

Will Participate	% Students	# of Students
2022-2023	63%	2,336
2021-2022	60%	2,851
2020-2021	51%	1,995
Will Not Participate		
2022-2023	37%	1,380
2021-2022	40%	1,898
2020-2021	49%	1,903

Table 6: Percentage of Graduating Seniors Planning Loan Forgiveness Participation By Program

	% Students	# of
Hospital Program	% Students	Students
2022-2023	31%	728
2021-2022	12%	292
2020-2021	23%	732
Department of Education's Public Service Loan Forgiveness		
2022-2023	71%	1,652
2021-2022	67%	1,576
2020-2021	60%	1,497
State Loan Forgiveness Program		,
2022-2023	21%	482
2021-2022	6%	138
2020-2021	15%	516
National Health Service Corps		
2022-2023	4%	103
2021-2022	1%	14
2020-2021	4%	153
Armed Services (Navy, Army, Air Force)		
2022-2023	2%	57
2021-2022	0%	2
2020-2021	1%	50
Health Resources & Services Admin. Faculty Repayment Program*		
2022-2023	3%	68
2021-2022	0%	0
2020-2021		
Indian Health Service Loan Repayment Program		
2022-2023	2%	39
2021-2022	0%	1
2020-2021	1%	40
National Institutes of Health Loan Repayment Program		
2022-2023	5%	114
2021-2022	0%	I
2020-2021	3%	107
Other Loan Forgiveness Programs		
2022-2023	6%	132
2021-2022	1%	28
2020-2021	3%	101

^{*}In 2021-2022 additional loan forgiveness programs were included in the Graduations Seniors Survey.



Table 7: Expected Net Income

•	Mean	Median	Mode
One Year After Residency			
2022-2023	\$231,230	\$250,000	\$250,000
2021-2022	\$219,116	\$220,000	\$200,000
2020-2021	\$219,914	\$200,000	\$200,000
Five Years After Residency			
2022-2023	\$315,075	\$300,000	\$300,000
2021-2022	\$299,333	\$300,000	\$300,000
2020-2021	\$297,489	\$275,000	\$300,000
Ten Years After Residency			
2022-2023	\$414,145	\$350,000	\$300,000
2021-2022	\$379,242	\$330,000	\$300,000
2020-2021	\$361,174	\$300,000	\$300,000

Table 8.1: Mean Osteopathic Medical Education Scholarship/Grants - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Scholarship		% <i> </i>	Awarded	ł		
	All Schools	Public	Private	All Schools	Public	Private
Total Scholarships/Grants						
2022-2023	\$71,478	\$54,723	\$76,255	63%	70%	61%
2021-2022	\$65,134	\$50,701	\$68,152	56%	65%	55%
2020-2021	\$63,221	\$36,544	\$68,959	58%	71%	56%
National Health Service Corps (NHSC) Scholarship						
2022-2023	\$176,315	\$64,000	\$192,360	3%	2%	3%
2021-2022	\$140,714	\$150,000	\$139,248	2%	2%	2%
2020-2021	\$169,771	\$101,500	\$181,150	1%	2%	1%
Armed Forces Health Professions (AFHP) Scholarship						
2022-2023	\$245,189	\$254,653	\$243,519	12%	10%	12%
2021-2022	\$233,560	\$218,784	\$235,470	12%	10%	12%
2020-2021	\$259,437	\$235,400	\$261,840	13%	9%	14%
Veterans Affairs Health Professionals Scholarship Program§			• •			
2022-2023	\$239,708	\$350,000	\$231,830	6%	2%	7%
2021-2022	\$251,311	\$303,333	\$247,309	3%	2%	4%
2020-2021						
Post-9/11 GI Bill						
2022-2023	\$92,222	\$98,813	\$91,059	3%	2%	3%
2021-2022	\$67,297	\$61,500	\$67,761	2%	1%	2%
2020-2021	\$83,450	\$25,000	\$86,526	2%	1%	2%
Indian Health Service Scholarship	, , , , ,	, ,,,,,,,	, , -			
2022-2023	\$99,207	\$156,928	\$82,715	1%	1%	1%
2021-2022	\$111,169	\$172,333	\$50,004	0%	2%	0%
2020-2021	\$0	\$0	\$0	0%	0%	0%
Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education§						
2022-2023	\$44,551	\$0	\$44,551	1%	0%	1%
2021-2022						
2020-2021						
Department of Defense Tuition Assistance						
2022-2023	\$27	\$100	\$2	1%	1%	0.5%
2021-2022	\$75,378	\$0	\$75,378	0%	0%	0.4%
2020-2021	\$40,100	\$0	\$40,100	0%	0%	0.2%
Scholarships for Disadvantaged Students	, ,		. ,			
2022-2023	\$21,334	\$22,350	\$20,736	4%	7%	3%
2021-2022	\$13,998	\$29,571	\$7,185	2%	4%	1%
2020-2021	\$11,490	\$16,463	\$9,577	4%	8%	3%
State Government Scholarship/Grant	, , , ,	, , , , ,	, , ,			
2022-2023	\$14,325	\$6,074	\$16,560	8%	9%	8%
2021-2022	\$25,124	\$17,825	\$26,650	6%	7%	6%
2020-2021	\$23,527	\$12,021	\$26,310	8%	11%	7%
Award from Osteopathic Medical School	, ,,,	, ,	, -,-			
2022-2023	\$21,126	\$22,059	\$20,806	41%	51%	39%
2021-2022	\$16,440	\$10,793	\$17,683	33%	40%	32%
2020-2021	\$17,478	\$13,419	\$18,478	40%	54%	37%
Tuition Waiver		, , ,	,,			2.73
2022-2023	\$65,322	\$70,608	\$60,563	5%	12%	3%
2021-2022	\$48,642	\$91,191	\$35,779	4%	7%	4%
2020-2021	\$61,314	\$63,270	\$60,581	4%	9%	4%

Table 8.1: Mean Osteopathic Medical Education Scholarship/Grants (Continued)*

Source of Scholarship	Award [‡]			% Awarded		
	All Schools	Public	Private	All Schools	Public	Private
Osteopathic Association						
2022-2023	\$8,805	\$12,113	\$6,712	10%	19%	8%
2021-2022	\$7,148	\$9,897	\$6,048	7%	13%	6%
2020-2021	\$9,888	\$13,967	\$8,795	7%	11%	6%
Diversity/Minority Scholarship§						
2022-2023	\$16,316	\$13,909	\$17,297	5%	7%	4%
2021-2022	\$10,738	\$4,609	\$12,343	4%	6%	4%
2020-2021						
Other Sources						
2022-2023	\$31,729	\$16,260	\$34,900	22%	21%	23%
2021-2022	\$24,178	\$20,163	\$25,322	18%	26%	17%
2020-2021	\$26,447	\$8,107	\$30,473	18%	25%	17%

^{*}All award data are self-reported by survey respondents.

Table 8.1a: Median Osteopathic Medical Education Scholarship/Grants - Graduating Seniors*

Source of Scholarship		Award	# of Students		
	All Schools	Public	Private	Public	Private
Total Scholarships/Grants					
2022-2023	\$12,000	\$14,000	\$11,463	195	684
2021-2022	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$10,000	203	971
2020-2021	\$10,000	\$8,000	\$10,000	171	795
National Health Service Corps (NHSC) Scholarship	, ,	. ,	, ,		
2022-2023	\$162,289	\$20,000	\$195,651	3	21
2021-2022	\$125,000	\$120,000	\$130,000	3	19
2020-2021	\$200,000	\$101,500	\$200,000	2	12
Armed Forces Health Professions (AFHP) Scholarship	, ,	, ,	, ,		
2022-2023	\$250,000	\$240,000	\$250,000	15	85
2021-2022	\$240,000	\$200,000	\$240,000	19	147
2020-2021	\$250,000	\$260,000	\$250,000	13	130
Veterans Affairs Health Professionals Scholarship Program§	, ,				
2022-2023	\$240,000	\$350,000	\$240,000	3	42
2021-2022	\$227,500	\$350,000	\$215,000	3	39
2020-2021	\$250,000	\$260,000	\$250,000	13	130
Post-9/11 GI Bill					
2022-2023	\$68,720	\$73,440	\$64,000	3	17
2021-2022	\$52,000	\$61,500	\$52,000	2	25
2020-2021	\$37,500	\$25,000	\$40,000	1	19
ndian Health Service Scholarship		, ,			
2022-2023	\$113,856	\$156,928	\$7,000	2	7
2021-2022	\$131,000	\$200,000	\$10	3	3
2020-2021	\$0	\$0	\$0	0	0
Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education§					
2022-2023	\$46,850	\$0	\$46,850	0	7
2021-2022					
2020-2021					

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

[§]In 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 additional scholarships/grants were included in the Graduating Senior Survey.

Table 8.1a: Median Osteopathic Medical Education Scholarship/Grants (Continued)*

Source of Scholarship	Award			# of Students		
	All Schools	Public	Private	Public	Private	
Department of Defense Tuition Assistance						
2022-2023	\$3	\$100	\$1	I	ı	
2021-2022	\$755	\$0	\$ 7 55	0	4	
2020-2021	\$40,100	\$0	\$40,100	0	2	
Scholarships for Disadvantaged Students						
2022-2023	\$10,000	\$20,000	\$5,000	10	17	
2021-2022	\$10,000	\$25,000	\$3,000	7	16	
2020-2021	\$8,500	\$16,963	\$5,000	10	26	
State Government Scholarship/Grant						
2022-2023	\$5,000	\$3,500	\$6,750	13	48	
2021-2022	\$6,400	\$8,000	\$6,400	14	67	
2020-2021	\$6,000	\$7,500	\$5,633	15	62	
Award from Osteopathic Medical School						
2022-2023	\$8,000	\$9,500	\$8,000	107	311	
2021-2022	\$5,000	\$4,000	\$5,000	96	436	
2020-2021	\$6,000	\$5,000	\$6,000	101	410	
Tuition Waiver						
2022-2023	\$53,500	\$49,638	\$53,500	18	20	
2021-2022	\$43,500	\$84,000	\$20,000	13	43	
2020-2021	\$52,900	\$48,000	\$54,000	12	32	
Osteopathic Association						
2022-2023	\$3,000	\$4,000	\$3,000	31	49	
2021-2022	\$2,500	\$2,750	\$2,000	26	65	
2020-2021	\$3,000	\$5,000	\$2,763	15	56	
Diversity/Minority Scholarship§						
2022-2023	\$3,250	\$3,500	\$3,000	П	27	
2021-2022	\$3,500	\$25,000	\$3,000	11	42	
2020-2021	\$250,000	\$260,000	\$250,000	13	130	
Other Sources						
2022-2023	\$6,000	\$8,000	\$6,000	33	161	
2021-2022	\$5,500	\$7,000	\$5,000	57	200	
2020-2021	\$5,000	\$3,000	\$5,000	36	164	

^{*}All award data are self-reported by survey respondents.

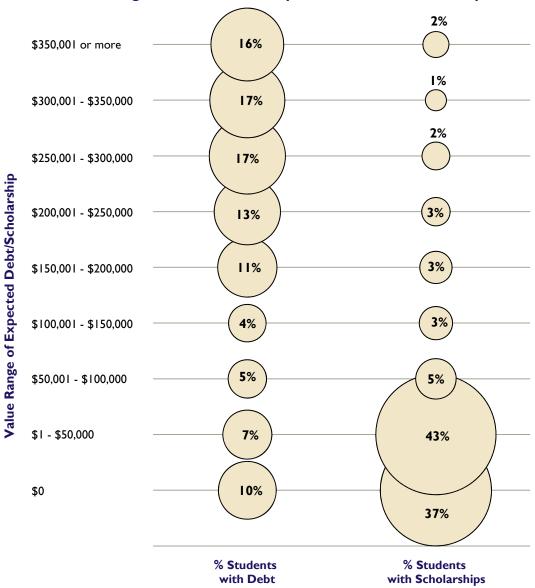
§In 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 additional scholarships/grants were included in the Graduating Senior Survey.

Table 8.2: Award and AFHP and NHSC Scholarships - Graduating Seniors

Source of Scholarship	Mean A	Mean Award [‡]		Median Award		warded
	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private
Total Scholarships/Grants						
2022-2023	\$54,723	\$76,255	\$14,000	\$11,463	70%	61%
2021-2022	\$50,701	\$68,152	\$10,000	\$10,000	65%	55%
2020-2021	\$36,544	\$68,959	\$8,000	\$10,000	71%	56%
Non-AFHP/NHSC Scholarships						
2022-2023	\$37,380	\$47,026	\$12,000	\$10,000	68%	58%
2021-2022	\$31,411	\$35,506	\$7,500	\$7,500	63%	50%
2020-2021	\$18,980	\$28,024	\$7,000	\$8,000	69%	51%



Chart I: Percentage of Students with Reported Debt and Scholarships*



^{*}Bubble sizes are proportional to the percentage/number of students with debt/scholarships and may appear inconsistent due to rounding.

Table 9.1: Scholarship Award and Gender

Gender Male	Mean Award‡	Median Award	% Awarded	# of Students
2022-2023	\$83,285	\$15,000	64%	392
2021-2022	\$75,757	\$12,000	55%	556
2020-2021	\$76,075	\$10,000	57%	459
Female				
2022-2023	\$62,487	\$10,500	62%	483
2021-2022	\$55,276	\$9,900	58%	614
2020-2021	\$51,550	\$10,000	60%	491

Table 9.1a: Award and Gender

Source of Scholarship/Grant	Mean	Mean Award [‡]		Median Award		% Awarded	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Total Scholarships/Grants							
2022-2023	\$83,285	\$62,487	\$15,000	\$10,500	64%	62%	
2021-2022	\$75,757	\$55,276	\$12,000	\$9,900	55%	58%	
2020-2021	\$76,075	\$51,550	\$10,000	\$10,000	57%	60%	
AFHP Scholarships							
2022-2023	\$257,037	\$231,962	\$260,079	\$250,000	17%	8%	
2021-2022	\$242,253	\$219,212	\$250,000	\$213,000	14%	10%	
2020-2021	\$267,060	\$243,467	\$275,500	\$240,000	17%	9%	
Non-AFHP Scholarships							
2022-2023	\$50,531	\$48,392	\$10,000	\$10,000	60%	60%	
2021-2022	\$40,132	\$34,815	\$8,000	\$7,500	50%	55%	
2020-2021	\$27,721	\$30,149	\$8,000	\$8,000	52%	57%	

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 9.2: Scholarship Award and Race/Ethnicity

Race/Ethnicity	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
White	Award‡	Award		Students
2022-2023	\$72,303	\$12,690	65%	578
2021-2022	\$70,934	\$11,900	58%	756
2020-2021	\$70,028	\$12,000	60%	635
Asian				
2022-2023	\$48,892	\$6,500	49%	130
2021-2022	\$41,689	\$5,250	45%	184
2020-2021	\$37,178	\$6,000	49%	148
Hispanic/Latino				
2022-2023	\$98,732	\$16,850	64%	72
2021-2022	\$74,287	\$12,500	58%	106
2020-2021	\$68,706	\$10,000	61%	78
Black or African American				
2022-2023	\$61,158	\$19,000	70%	28
2021-2022	\$36,514	\$9,000	70%	53
2020-2021	\$35,763	\$10,244	71%	34
All Others*				
2022-2023	\$91,345	\$56,850	80%	48
2021-2022	\$73,735	\$12,500	59%	45
2020-2021	\$76,722	\$9,500	62%	34

 $^{{\}tt \#Mean\ taken\ from\ responses\ greater\ than\ zero}.$

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 9.3: Scholarship Award and Marital Status

Marital Status	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
Married/Cohabiting	Award‡	Award		Students
2022-2023	\$82,063	\$17,250	69%	354
2021-2022	\$78,473	\$16,810	65%	467
2020-2021	\$75,836	\$12,500	63%	385
Single				
2022-2023	\$64,959	\$10,664	59%	520
2021-2022	\$56,272	\$9,000	52%	698
2020-2021	\$54,654	\$8,900	56%	572

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 9.4: Scholarship Award and Financial Status

Financial Status	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
Independent	A ward [‡]	Award		Students
2022-2023	\$83,722	\$16,000	72%	609
2021-2022	\$79,619	\$15,000	63%	836
2020-2021	\$71,256	\$11,000	62%	693
Dependent				
2022-2023	\$44,472	\$8,000	49%	260
2021-2022	\$28,265	\$5,760	45%	332
2020-2021	\$41,703	\$8,000	50%	253

 $[\]sharp$ Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 9.5: Scholarship Award and Parental Income

Parental Income	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
\$49,999 or less	Award [‡]	Award		Students
2022-2023	\$74,775	\$23,380	67%	100
2021-2022	\$71,192	\$10,750	61%	141
2020-2021	\$57,167	\$10,000	58%	117
\$50,000 - \$99,999				
2022-2023	\$72,734	\$12,018	69%	206
2021-2022	\$61,371	\$10,000	60%	338
2020-2021	\$55,798	\$10,000	62%	275
\$100,000 - \$199,999				
2022-2023	\$67,809	\$10,000	62%	271
2021-2022	\$60,188	\$10,000	58%	362
2020-2021	\$64,477	\$10,000	63%	294
\$200,000 or more				
2022-2023	\$72,657	\$11,250	58%	232
2021-2022	\$73,528	\$9,560	49%	252
2020-2021	\$71,742	\$10,000	52%	211

[‡]Mean taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 9.6: Scholarship Award and Parental Education

Parental Education [†]	Mean	Median	% Awarded	# of
Graduate/Professional Degree	A ward [‡]	Award		Students
2022-2023	\$75,823	\$12,000	59%	414
2021-2022	\$65,805	\$10,000	54%	57 I
2020-2021	\$65,902	\$10,000	57%	453
Bachelor's Degree				
2022-2023	\$73,793	\$12,000	66%	255
2021-2022	\$62,366	\$10,000	58%	332
2020-2021	\$61,249	\$10,000	58%	274
No College Degree				
2022-2023	\$62,939	\$12,000	68%	198
2021-2022	\$66,626	\$10,000	60%	262
2020-2021	\$60,581	\$10,000	63%	225

[†]Highest education level indicated between mother and father considered.

Table 10: Sources of Funds for Osteopathic Medical Education (% of total cost provided by each source)

	All Schools	Public	Private
Loans			
2022-2023	73%	75%	73%
2021-2022	75%	76%	75%
2020-2021	77%	79%	77%
Scholarships/Grants			
2022-2023	8%	7%	8%
2021-2022	7%	7%	7%
2020-2021	7%	6%	7%
Savings			
2022-2023	2%	2%	3%
2021-2022	2%	2%	3%
2020-2021	2%	2%	2%
Earnings			
2022-2023	1%	1%	1%
2021-2022	1%	2%	1%
2020-2021	1%	1%	1%
Parents			
2022-2023	12%	12%	13%
2021-2022	12%	11%	12%
2020-2021	11%	9%	11%
Relatives			
2022-2023	1%	1%	1%
2021-2022	1%	1%	1%
2020-2021	1%	1%	1%
Other			
2022-2023	2%	2%	2%
2021-2022	1%	1%	1%
2020-2021	1%	2%	1%

 $[\]ensuremath{\sharp}\mbox{Mean}$ taken from responses greater than zero.

Table 11: Evaluation of Quality of Osteopathic Medical Training 2022-2023

	Students							
	2022-2023		2021	-2022	2020-2021			
	%	#	%	#	%	#		
Very Satisfied	15%	597	18%	957	17%	786		
Satisfied	51%	2,008	56%	2,986	56%	2,585		
Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	20%	784	15%	806	16%	74 I		
Dissatisfied	10%	394	9%	463	10%	440		
Very Dissatisfied	4%	139	2%	122	2%	98		
Mean Satisfaction Rating*	3.7	3,922	3.8	5,334	3.8	4,650		

^{*}Scale from 1 to 5; 1 being "Very Dissatisfied," 5 being "Very Satisfied."

Table 12: Satisfaction Level with Osteopathic Medicine Career Selection 2022-2023

	Students							
	2022-2023		2021-2022		2020	-202 I		
	%	#	%	#	%	#		
Very Satisfied	29%	1,147	33%	1,736	30%	1,395		
Satisfied	42%	1,660	42%	2,261	42%	1,970		
Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied	20%	798	17%	914	18%	818		
Dissatisfied	6%	232	6%	329	8%	374		
Very Dissatisfied	2%	90	2%	92	2%	94		
Mean Satisfaction Rating*	3.9	3,927	4.0	5,332	3.9	4,651		

^{*}Scale from 1 to 5; 1 being "Very Dissatisfied," 5 being "Very Satisfied."

Table 13: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors, if Starting Over, Would Prefer to Enroll in:

	Students					
	2022-2023		2023 2021-2022			-202 I
	%	#	%	#	%	#
The osteopathic school from which you are about to graduate	43%	1,682	43%	2,293	42%	1,955
Another osteopathic medical school	10%	375	10%	515	11%	494
An allopathic medical school	40%	1,559	42%	2,220	43%	1,992
Would not have gone to medical school at all	8%	295	5%	289	4%	196

Table 14: Diversity Valued by Osteopathic Medical School - Graduating Seniors 2022-2023

	Students							
	2022-2023		2021	-2022	2020-2021			
	%	#	%	#	%	#		
Strongly Agree	25%	960	27%	1,420	25%	1,139		
Agree	41%	1,600	44%	2,333	42%	1,962		
Neither Agree nor Disagree	21%	802	18%	979	20%	944		
Disagree	10%	377	8%	425	9%	422		
Strongly Disagree	5%	176	3%	171	4%	184		
Mean Agreement Rating*	3.7	3,915	3.8	5,328	3.7	4,651		

^{*}Scale from 1 to 5; 1 being "Strong Disagree," 5 being "Strongly Agree."



Table 15: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Satisfaction with Overall Climate/Environment

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Applicable
Able to openly express all identities	19%	37%	20%	9%	6%	9%
Able to connect with someone considered a trusted friend or at least one person who helped with struggles	42%	40%	10%	3%	3%	3%
School was respectful of individuals and groups with various cultural differences	23%	41%	21%	7%	6%	2%
Students were afforded equitable opportunities for success under the same set of standards	22%	41%	21%	7%	7%	2%
Safe and inclusive environment	23%	44%	20%	7%	5%	2%
A visible culture that supported students while on campus	21%	39%	22%	9%	6%	3%
A visible culture that supported students while off campus	17%	32%	27%	12%	9%	3%
Felt safe to raise concerns about discrimination	15%	30%	25%	9%	9%	12%
A process was in place that led to appropriate outcomes when discrimination concerns were raised	11%	25%	29%	7%	6%	23%
School valued and respected the unique attributes students brought to the learning environment	16%	39%	29%	6%	5%	4%
Students continued to received support during clinical years	14%	34%	24%	13%	12%	2%
School promoted a culture of civility	18%	44%	24%	5%	6%	3%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where ≤ 70% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Table 16: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Wellbeing

	Strongly	Agree	Slightly	Neither Agree	Slightly	Disagree	Strongly
	Agree		Agree	Nor Disagree	Disagree		Disagree
I lead a purposeful and meaningful life	34%	43%	14%	7%	1%	1%	1%
My social relationships are supportive and rewarding	37%	41%	14%	6%	2%	1%	0%
I am engaged and interested in my daily activities	29%	42%	18%	7%	2%	1%	1%
I actively contribute to the happiness and well-being of others	31%	43%	17%	8%	1%	1%	0%
I am competent and capable in the activities that are important to me	33%	45%	14%	6%	1%	0%	0%
I am a good person and live a good life	36%	44%	12%	7%	1%	0%	0%
I am optimistic about my future	38%	40%	13%	6%	2%	1%	1%
People respect me	28%	45%	15%	10%	2%	1%	0%

Table 17: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Resilience

	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely	Not at all
	True	True	True	True	True
I am able to adapt when changes occur.	35%	51%	13%	0%	0%
I can deal with whatever comes my way.	33%	50%	17%	1%	0%
I try to see the humorous side of things when I am faced with problems.	34%	41%	22%	3%	0%
Having to cope with stress can make me stronger.	31%	44%	23%	2%	1%
I tend to bounce back after illness, injury or other hardships.	35%	47%	17%	1%	0%
I believe I can achieve my goals, even if there are obstacles.	41%	46%	12%	0%	0%
Under pressure, I stay focused and think clearly.	26%	50%	22%	2%	0%
I am not easily discouraged by failure.	21%	40%	32%	6%	1%
I think of myself as a strong person when dealing with life's challenges and difficulties.	34%	45%	19%	2%	0%
I am able to handle unpleasant or painful feelings like sadness, fear and anger.	30%	47%	21%	2%	1%

Table 18: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Purpose and Relevance

•	•					
	Strongly Agree	Agree	Slightly Agree	Slightly Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
I think the clerkships are important.	62%	28%	8%	2%	0%	0%
What I am learning in my clerkships is useful to me currently.	56%	31%	10%	3%	1%	0%
What I am learning in my clerkships will be useful to me in the future.	58%	29%	10%	3%	0%	1%
I often connect what I learn in clerkships to patient care.	59%	29%	9%	2%	1%	0%
My preceptors or attendings believe that what I am learning in my clerkships is useful to me currently.	54%	34%	9%	2%	1%	0%
My preceptors or attendings believe that what I am learning in my clerkships is useful to me in the future.	54%	34%	10%	2%	1%	0%
The preceptors or attendings believe I often connect objectives/material to patient care.	52%	35%	10%	3%	0%	0%
The preceptors or attendings believe I find my clerkships interesting	50%	37%	10%	2%	0%	0%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where ≤ 70% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Grey highlighted categories are those where ≥ 90% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Table 19: 2022-2023 Graduating Senior	s' Sense of	Belonging				
	Strongly	Agree	Slightly	Slightly	Disagree	Strongly
	Agree		Agree	Disagree		Disagree
When something bad happens, I feel that maybe I don't belong in medical school.	5%	13%	27%	14%	27%	15%
Sometimes I feel that I belong in medical school, and sometimes I feel that I don't belong in medical school.	9%	20%	29%	12%	17%	12%
I sometimes feel like other students on campus have stronger academic skills than me.	22%	31%	25%	9%	8%	5%
I belong at this medical school.	24%	41%	24%	7%	2%	1%
I feel like this medical school is a good fit for me.	20%	39%	25%	9%	5%	3%
I feel more academically prepared than other students at this medical school.	9%	20%	33%	24%	11%	4%
My faculty believes that I belong in medical school.	23%	42%	25%	6%	2%	1%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Grey highlighted categories are those where ≥ 90% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."



	Strongly	Agree	Slightly	Slightly	Disagree	Strongly
	Agree		Agree	Disagree		Disagree
You can learn new things, but you cannot really change your basic intelligence.	3%	10%	20%	21%	32%	15%
You have a certain amount of intelligence, and you really cannot do much to change it.	2%	6%	15%	21%	36%	20%
Your intelligence is something about you that you cannot change very much.	2%	6%	16%	20%	37%	20%
The faculty at my medical school seem to believe students have a certain intelligence level, and they really cannot do much to change it.	3%	7%	19%	24%	33%	14%
The faculty at my medical school seem to believe that students can learn new things, but they cannot really change their basic intelligence,	2%	8%	21%	23%	32%	14%
The faculty at my medical school seem to believe that students either "have it" or they don't.	5%	9%	19%	22%	30%	16%

Table 21: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Pre-Clinical Training

3				0		
	Strongly Agree	Agree	Slightly Agree	Slightly Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
I think my pre-clinical courses were important.	22%	44%	21%	8%	3%	2%
What I am learning in my pre-clinical courses is useful to me currently.	17%	39%	27%	9%	5%	2%
What I learned in my pre-clinical courses will be useful to me in the future.	18%	39%	27%	9%	5%	2%
I often connect what I learned in my pre-clinical courses to patient care.	18%	34%	30%	10%	6%	3%
My pre-clinical instructors believe that what I learned in my pre-clinical courses is useful to me currently.	32%	46%	17%	4%	1%	1%
My pre-clinical instructors believe that what I am learning in my clerkships is useful to me in the future.	37%	44%	15%	3%	1%	0%
My pre-clinical instructors believe I often connect those objectives/material to patient care.	27%	47%	20%	5%	1%	1%
The pre-clinical instructors believe I found my pre- clinical courses interesting.	22%	47%	23%	5%	2%	1%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."



Table 22: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Mental Health Resources During Pre-Clinical Training

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Slightly Agree	Slightly Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Applicable
Aware of how to get help for physical problems or illnesses.	10%	22%	20%	10%	19%	16%	5%
Sought care for physical problems or illnesses.	12%	25%	18%	9%	18%	15%	4%
There were helpful resources for physical problems or illnesses.	12%	30%	26%	13%	10%	6%	4%
There was a negative stigma associated with getting help for physical problems or illness.	8%	13%	17%	15%	27%	18%	2%
Aware of how to get help for mental or emotional health problems or illnesses.	23%	37%	23%	8%	5%	3%	1%
Sought help for mental or emotional health problems or illnesses.	12%	21%	15%	8%	19%	20%	5%
There were helpful resources for mental or emotional health problems or illnesses.	13%	26%	27%	12%	9%	7%	5%

Table 23: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Mental Health Resources During Clinical Training

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Slightly Agree	Slightly Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Applicable
Aware of how to get help for physical problems or illnesses during clinical training.	14%	32%	26%	11%	10%	5%	2%
Sought care for physical problems or illnesses.	21%	38%	23%	9%	6%	2%	1%
There were helpful resources for physical problems or illnesses.	11%	28%	27%	13%	10%	6%	6%
There was a negative stigma associated with getting help for physical problems or illness.	7%	13%	18%	15%	25%	20%	2%
Aware of how to get help for mental or emotional health problems or illnesses.	16%	36%	25%	9%	8%	4%	2%
Sought help for mental or emotional health problems or illnesses.	9%	20%	16%	9%	20%	19%	6%
There were helpful resources for mental or emotional health problems or illnesses.	11%	26%	26%	14%	10%	7%	6%
There was a negative stigma associated with getting help for mental or emotional health problems or illnesses.	9%	14%	20%	14%	24%	19%	2%

Table 24: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Burnout

	Strongly	Slightly	Neutral	Slightly	Strongly
	Agree	Agree		Disagree	Disagree
Events in my transition to medical school affect my life in an emotionally unhealthy way.	8%	21%	32%	19%	21%
I feel burned out from the transition to medical school.	6%	22%	27%	24%	21%
I feel fatigued when I get up in the morning and have to face another day transitioning to medical school.	5%	21%	29%	23%	23%
I feel frustrated by transition to medical school.	5%	16%	30%	24%	26%
I feel I am working too hard transitioning to medical school.	5%	13%	32%	25%	26%
Events in medical school affect my life in an emotionally unhealthy way.	12%	30%	26%	18%	14%
I feel burned out from medical school.	15%	33%	23%	16%	13%
I feel fatigued when I get up in the morning and have to face another day in medical school.	11%	29%	27%	18%	16%
I feel frustrated by medical school.	14%	28%	27%	17%	14%
I feel I am working too hard in medical school.	8%	19%	35%	23%	16%

Table 25: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Emotions

	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely	Never
Trouble falling asleep	5%	20%	39%	25%	11%
Feeling tense or high strung	10%	32%	39%	15%	4%
Feeling irritable or angry	5%	19%	44%	26%	7%
Feeling down, depressed	5%	17%	42%	27%	10%
Feeling inferior to others	9%	20%	39%	23%	10%

Table 26: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Self-Evaluation

	Very	Most	Somewhat	Not	Not at
	Likely	Likely	Likely	Likely	All
I finish whatever I begin	28%	46%	22%	3%	1%
Setbacks don't discourage me	16%	40%	34%	9%	1%
I am a hard worker.	57%	31%	12%	1%	0%
I am diligent.	50%	36%	13%	1%	0%

Table 27: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Burnout Level

	Students 2022-2023	
	%	#
Occasionally I am under stress, and I don't always have as much energy as I once did, but I don't feel burned out.	56%	2,189
I am definitely burning out and have one or more symptoms of burnout, such as physical and emotional exhaustion.	28%	1,070
I enjoy my work. I have no symptoms of burnout.	11%	411
The symptoms of burnout that I'm experiencing won't go away. I think about frustration at work a lot.	4%	155
I feel completely burned out and often wonder if I can go on. I am at the point where I may need some changes or may need to	2%	63

Table 28: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of: Maybe I don't belong in medical school:

	St	udents
	202	22-2023
	%	#
Never	19%	732
Rarely	31%	1,208
Sometimes	40%	1,550
Usually	8%	314
Always	2%	87

Table 29: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of First Two Years of Medical Education

	Strongly	Agree	Neither Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	Agree		Nor Disagree		Disagree
Basic and clinical science course objectives were made clear to students	32%	49%	14%	4%	2%
Basic science courses were sufficiently integrated with one another	26%	48%	15%	8%	2%
Basic science courses were sufficiently integrated with clinical training	23%	45%	19%	10%	4%
Course objectives & examination content matched closely	24%	48%	18%	7%	3%
Coursework adequately prepared students for clerkships	20%	47%	20%	9%	4%
The first two years of medical school were well- organized	19%	40%	23%	13%	6%
Students were provided with timely feedback on performance	21%	46%	20%	9%	4%
There was adequate exposure to patient care during the first two years	21%	41%	19%	13%	6%
Osteopathic principles were adequately integrated into coursework	29%	52%	15%	2%	2%
An appropriate amount of training was provided in OMT	33%	45%	15%	5%	3%
There was adequate preparation for COMLEX Level I	22%	40%	18%	12%	8%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Grey highlighted categories are those where ≥ 90% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Table 30: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Time Devoted to Various Areas of Instruction

to various Arcas or mistraction	Appropriate	Inadequate	Excessive
Basic medical science	87%	7%	7%
Behavioral science	84%	14%	2%
Biostatistics	72%	24%	4%
Bioterrorism	62%	36%	3%
	86%	11%	3%
Care of ald all (registries)			
Care of elderly (geriatrics)	77% 81%	18% 18%	5% 1%
Care of hospitalized patients	0.77		
Care of patients from diverse ethnic groups	68%	29%	3%
Care of patients with HIV/AIDS	68%	31%	2%
Care of patients from LGBTQI+ population	55%	39%	5%
Clinical decision-making	87%	12%	1%
Clinical pharmacology	88%	9%	3%
Clinical science	91%	7%	2%
Cost-effective medical practice	57%	42%	1%
Diagnostic skills	87%	12%	1%
Drug and alcohol abuse	81%	17%	1%
Family/domestic violence	68%	31%	1%
Genetics	83%	12%	5%
Health promotion & disease prevention	87%	11%	2%
Human sexuality	67%	30%	3%
Independent learning & self-evaluation	82%	14%	5%
Infection control/health care setting	88%	11%	1%
Infectious disease prevention	89%	10%	1%
Integrative medicine	79%	19%	2%
Legal medicine	57%	41%	2%
Literature analysis skill	68%	31%	2%
Medical care cost control	55%	44%	1%
Medical ethics	84%	13%	3%
Medical record-keeping	69%	30%	1%
Medical socioeconomics	74%	25%	2%
Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine/OMT	78%	5%	17%
Nutrition	65%	32%	3%
Pain management	70%	29%	1%
Patient education	87%	12%	1%
Patient follow-up	85%	14%	1%
Patient interviewing skills	91%	5%	4%
Physician-patient relationship	92%	6%	2%
Practice management	69%	30%	1%
Primary care	86%	6%	8%
Public health & community medicine	84%	14%	3%
Rehabilitation	66%	34%	1%
Research techniques	66%	32%	2%
Role of medicine in community	85%	14%	1%
Screening for diseases	92%	8%	1%
Teamwork with other health professionals	86%	9%	6%
Therapeutic management	90%	9%	1%
Use of computers	86%	13%	1%
Utilization review & quality improvement	78%	21%	1%
	 	1.00/ 115] : "

Light blue highlighted categories are those where $\leq 70\%$ are "Appropriate" or $\geq 10\%$ "Excessive."

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Appropriate."



Table 31: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Clinical Education - Required Clerkships

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Clear goals and objectives were set	23%	52%	18%	6%	2%
Able to design own goals and objectives	17%	41%	25%	14%	4%
Clear performance objectives were set	21%	49%	19%	9%	3%
Clerkships were well-organized	17%	42%	22%	13%	6%
Rounds were conducted as scheduled	20%	51%	21%	7%	2%
Timely feedback was provided on performance	18%	49%	21%	9%	3%
Too large a role by residents in teaching and evaluation	10%	19%	28%	32%	11%
Appropriate diversity of patients and their health issues	27%	53%	15%	4%	1%
Appropriate number of inpatient experiences	27%	49%	13%	7%	4%
Each clerkship had an osteopathic orientation	14%	35%	22%	21%	8%
Osteopathic principles & practice (OPP) were well- integrated in at least one clerkship	22%	46%	18%	8%	5%
Appropriate technology usage for situation	27%	55%	15%	2%	1%
Able to work on a personal basis with patients	34%	52%	12%	1%	1%
Attending modeled excellent patient relationship/communication skills	27%	53%	16%	3%	1%
Support staff was friendly and supportive	26%	52%	17%	4%	1%
Coverage hours were set and finished on time	19%	47%	21%	10%	3%
Was asked relevant and pertinent questions on patient diagnosis, treatment options, management, and follow-up care	27%	56%	14%	3%	1%
Felt free to ask questions	28%	52%	15%	3%	1%
The attending seemed interested in my opinions	20%	48%	24%	6%	2%
Personal concerns were addressed by the attending while on rotation	20%	49%	24%	5%	2%
Was treated with respect	24%	53%	18%	3%	1%
Able to discuss progress on rotation with attending	23%	55%	17%	4%	1%
Attending critically evaluated me during rotation	22%	53%	20%	4%	1%
Able to discuss the final rotation evaluation with the attending	18%	44%	21%	13%	4%
Attending based the evaluation on direct observation	21%	53%	20%	5%	2%
Able to meet & discuss areas of concern with the attending outside of the clinical setting	17%	40%	26%	13%	4%
Lived a reasonable distance from rotation sites	22%	47%	17%	9%	5%
Rotations prepared me for examinations	18%	46%	22%	9%	4%
Testing was provided at end of each rotation	38%	49%	11%	1%	1%
Adequate preparation for COMLEX-USA Level 2-CE	21%	43%	19%	12%	6%
Adequate assessment of patient encounters	21%	46%	21%	7%	4%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."



Table 32: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Clinical Education - Selective/Elective Clerkships

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Clear goals and objectives were set	24%	53%	16%	6%	2%
Able to design own goals and objectives	25%	50%	18%	6%	2%
Clear performance objectives were set	24%	50%	19%	6%	1%
Clerkships were well-organized	24%	49%	19%	6%	2%
Rounds were conducted as scheduled	24%	52%	19%	3%	1%
Timely feedback was provided on performance	24%	53%	17%	4%	1%
Too large a role by residents in teaching and evaluation	12%	25%	26%	28%	9%
Appropriate diversity of patients and their health issues	31%	54%	13%	2%	1%
Appropriate number of inpatient experiences	31%	52%	13%	3%	1%
Each clerkship had an osteopathic orientation	20%	40%	20%	14%	6%
Osteopathic principles and practice (OPP) were well- integrated in at least one clerkship	20%	41%	21%	11%	7%
Appropriate technology usage for situation	29%	55%	14%	2%	1%
Able to work on a personal basis with patients	34%	53%	12%	1%	1%
Attending modeled excellent patient relationship/communication skills	30%	54%	14%	1%	1%
Support staff was friendly and supportive	30%	54%	14%	2%	1%
Coverage hours were set and finished on time	25%	51%	18%	5%	1%
Was asked relevant and pertinent questions on patient diagnosis, treatment options, management, and follow-up care	30%	55%	13%	1%	1%
Felt free to ask questions	31%	53%	13%	2%	1%
Attending seemed interested in my opinions	27%	51%	17%	3%	1%
Personal concerns were addressed by the attending while on rotation	26%	51%	19%	3%	1%
Was treated with respect	30%	54%	14%	2%	1%
Able to discuss progress on rotation with attending	27%	54%	16%	3%	1%
Attending critically evaluated me during rotation	26%	54%	16%	2%	1%
Able to discuss the final rotation evaluation with the attending	24%	47%	18%	9%	3%
Attending based the evaluation on direct observation	27%	53%	17%	3%	1%
Able to meet and discuss areas of concern with the attending outside of the clinical setting	22%	45%	22%	8%	3%
Lived a reasonable distance from rotation sites	24%	49%	17%	6%	3%
Adequate preparation for COMLEX-USA Level 2-CE	21%	45%	21%	8%	4%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Table 33: Percentage of Time Arranged/Set by COM for Required Clerkships, 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors

	Students					
	2022	-2023	2021-2022		2020-2021	
	%	#	%	#	%	#
10% or Fewer	3%	128	4%	219	4%	187
11% - 40%	6%	247	6%	286	6%	264
41% - 60%	23%	861	16%	834	17%	759
61% - 80%	19%	728	17%	881	17%	75 I
81% - 100%	49%	1,870	57%	2,984	56%	2,460

Table 34: Percentage of Time Arranged/Set by COM for Elective/Selective Clerkships, 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors

			Stud	dents		
	2022	2-2023	2021-2022		2020-2021	
	%	#	%	#	%	#
10% or Fewer	39%	1,488	44%	2,285	42%	1,850
11% - 40%	16%	600	18%	939	18%	814
41% - 60%	18%	669	14%	704	14%	615
61% - 80%	12%	470	12%	600	11%	468
81% - 100%	15%	587	13%	674	15%	676

Table 35: Advance Notification of Required Clerkship Location, 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors

	Students					
	2022	2022-2023		2021-2022		-2021
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Less than 1 Month	12%	448	13%	666	12%	522
1 to 3 Months	37%	1,403	35%	1,834	37%	1,648
3 Months or More	52%	1,986	52%	2,691	51%	2,245

Table 36: Advance Notification of Elective Clerkship Location, 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors

		Students						
	2022	2022-2023		2021-2022		-202 I		
	%	#	%	#	%	#		
Less than 1 Month	11%	424	16%	813	19%	822		
1 to 3 Months	58%	2,190	56%	2,903	59%	2,597		
3 Months or More	31%	1,198	29%	1,484	23%	1,002		



In 2022-2023 AACOM updated the Graduating Seniors Survey Visting Student Learning Opportunity questions to coincide with the new Experinces of Bias in Residency questions. Tables 24 through 33 report the new data collected from the VSLO Questions.

Table 37: Graduating Seniors Who Applied To VSLO Rotations

	Students					
	2022-2023		2021-2022		2020-2021	
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Yes	92%	3,554	72%	3,682	66%	2,856
No	8%	298	25%	1,296	32%	1,370
Unsure			3%	155	2%	102
Total	100%	3,852	100%	5,133	100%	4,328

Table 38: Applications to VSLO Rotations

	Mean						
	2022-2023		2021-2022		2020-2021		
	# of	# of	# of	# of	# of	# of	
	Rotations	Students	Rotations	Students	Rotations	Students	
Number of Applications	18.5	3,032	20.4	3,642	17.8	2,809	
Number of Acceptances	2.6	3,025	3.1	3,638	1.8	2,816	
Number of Rotations Accepted/Attended	2.1	2,988	2.0	3,649	1.3	2,816	
Number Interviewed for Residency	1.6	2,975					

Table 39: Graduating Seniors Rotation Sites Accepted through VSLO Included in Rank Order List

	Stude	ents
	2022-7	2023
	%	#
Yes	66%	2,284
No	34%	1,181
Total	100%	3,465

Table 40: Graduating Seniors Rotation Sites Accepted through VSLO Included in Top Three Position on Rank Order List

	Stude	ents
	2022-	2023
	%	#
Yes	49%	1,687
No	51%	1,767
Total	100%	3,454

Table 41: Graduating Seniors Match to a Program at Rotation Sites Arranged through VSLO

	Stude	Students 2022-2023	
	2022-2		
	%	#	
Yes	20%	70 I	
No	80%	2,755	
Total	100%	3,456	



Table 42: Graduating Seniors Who Applied

To Visiting Student Rotations Outside of VSLO

		Students 2022-2023	
	%	#	
Yes	66%	2,297	
No	34%	1,184	
Total	100%	3,481	

Table 43: Applications to Visiting Student Rotations Applied Outside of VSLO

	Mean 2022-2023	
	# of Elective	# of
	Rotations	Students
Number of Applications	3.8	2,144
Number of Acceptances	2.7	2,135
Number of Rotations Accepted/Attended	2.5	2,125
Number Interviewed for Residency	1.9	2,122

Table 44: Graduating Seniors Rotation Sites Accepted through VSLO Included in Rank Order List

		Students 2022-2023	
	%	#	
Yes	86%	1,946	
No	15%	331	
Total	100%	2,277	

Table 45: Graduating Seniors Rotation Sites Accepted through VSLO Included in Top Three Position on Rank Order List

	Stude	Students 2022-2023	
	2022-2		
	%	#	
Yes	57%	1,297	
No	43%	977	
Total	100%	2,274	

Table 46: Graduating Seniors Match to a Program at Rotation Sites Arranged outside VSLO

	Students 2022-2023	
	%	#
Yes	33%	748
No	67%	1,524
Total	100%	2,272

Table 47: USMLE Score Provided for VSLO

	Students 2022-2023	
Provided USMLE Score:	%	#
Yes	58%	2,019
No	42%	1,452
Total	100%	3,471
USMLE Provided		
USMLE Step 1 score	49%	989
USMLE Step 2 CK score	2%	42
Both USMLE Step 1 & Step 2 CK Scores	49%	981
Total	100%	2,012

Table 48: VSLO Not Permitted Due to No USMLE Score

	Students 2022-2023	
USMLE Score Requested:	%	#
Yes	18%	350
No	83%	1,650
Total	100%	2,000
USMLE Score:		
USMLE Step 1 score	60%	210
USMLE Step 2 CK score	2%	8
Both USMLE Step 1 & Step 2 CK Scores	38%	131
Total	100%	349

Table 49: Higher Fee Paid for VSLO than MD students

	Students			
	2022-2	2023		
	%			
Yes	19%	637		
No	82%	2,815		
Total	100%	3,452		

Table 50: Not Premitted to VSLO Rotation Due to DO Degree

	Students		
	2022-2023		
	%	#	
Yes	21%	728	
No	79%	2,719	
Total	100%	3,447	

Table 51: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Confidence Level to Perform Certain Examinations

	Completely	Mostly	Fairly	Not at All	No Opportunity
	Confident	Confident	Confident	Confident	to Perform
General adult examination	53%	35%	12%	1%	0%
General pediatric examination	31%	38%	26%	5%	1%
Well-baby examination	24%	31%	32%	12%	1%
Breast and pelvic examination	20%	31%	32%	14%	3%
Prostate and testicular examination	12%	25%	35%	20%	8%
Osteopathic structural examination	30%	34%	27%	7%	2%
Sports participation examination	27%	36%	27%	6%	4%

 $\label{light} \textit{Light blue highlighted categories are those where} \leq 70\% \; \textit{are "Completely Confident"} \; + \; "\textit{Mostly Confident."}$

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Completely Confident" + "Mostly Confident."

Table 52: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Various Academic Services

	Very	Satisfied	Neither Satisfied	Dissatisfied	Strongly
	Satisfied		Nor Dissatisfied		Dissatisfied
Academic counseling	12%	37%	28%	16%	8%
Accessibility to administration	12%	36%	29%	15%	8%
Awareness of student problems by administration	9%	30%	27%	21%	13%
Career counseling	11%	33%	30%	17%	10%
Computer resource center	18%	42%	31%	6%	3%
Disability insurance	7%	23%	61%	6%	4%
Electronic communication (e-mail, Internet/Intranet)	15%	50%	24%	7%	3%
Faculty mentoring	12%	36%	28%	17%	8%
Financial aid administration services	15%	41%	32%	8%	4%
Library	20%	44%	29%	5%	3%
Participation of students on key medical school committees	13%	42%	37%	6%	3%
Personal counseling	12%	33%	40%	10%	6%
Student health insurance	8%	29%	37%	15%	12%
Student health services	9%	33%	39%	12%	8%
Student relaxation space	9%	32%	37%	14%	8%
Student study space	13%	44%	27%	11%	5%
Research or Scholarly activity involvement	8%	31%	39%	15%	7%
Tutorial help	10%	32%	46%	8%	5%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where ≤ 70% are "Very Satisfied" + "Satisfied."

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Very Satisfied" + "Satisfied."



Table 53: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Training in Osteopathic Manipulative Treatment, Principles, and Practice

	Strongly	Agree	Neither Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	Agree		Nor Disagree		Disagree
Well-prepared to diagnose structural problems	23%	50%	21%	5%	2%
Well-prepared to treat structural problems	21%	49%	22%	6%	2%
Well-prepared to document findings in a structural examination	22%	49%	21%	6%	2%
Had opportunity to practice OPP during first two years in medical school	37%	44%	15%	2%	1%
Had opportunity to practice OPP during in-hospital rotations	13%	32%	25%	23%	8%
Had opportunity to practice OPP during ambulatory primary care rotations	17%	48%	21%	10%	4%
Had opportunity to practice OPP during ambulatory non- primary care rotations	13%	31%	26%	23%	8%
Had osteopathic physician role models during the first two years in medical school	26%	47%	20%	5%	3%
Had osteopathic physician role models during required in- hospital rotations	17%	38%	23%	16%	6%
Had osteopathic physician role models during ambulatory primary care rotations	20%	47%	20%	9%	4%
Had osteopathic physician role models during ambulatory non-primary care rotations	17%	39%	24%	15%	6%
Had osteopathic physician role models during selectives/electives	18%	42%	23%	12%	5%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "Strongly Agree" + "Agree."

Table 54: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Training in Geriatric Care

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Can identify situations where co-morbid conditions, life expectancy, and/or functional status should modify (or override) standard recommendations for screening tests in older adults	22%	56%	18%	3%	1%
Can anticipate and identify hazards of hospitalization for older adults	23%	59%	16%	2%	1%
Can identify those medications that should be avoided or used with caution in older adults	22%	57%	18%	2%	1%
Can differentiate the clinical presentations of delirium, dementia, and depression in older adults	22%	57%	18%	3%	1%
Can assess a patient's self-care/functional capacity, e.g. ADLs & IADLs	21%	56%	19%	4%	1%
Can assess an older adult patient's fall risk, identify underlying causative factors, and make recommendations for further evaluation and initial management	20%	56%	20%	4%	1%
Can describe the differences in the presenting signs, symptoms, and laboratory findings of common conditions in older, as compared to younger, adults	20%	57%	19%	4%	1%

Table 55: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of how confident are you in your current ability to perform the following activities

	Very Confident	Slightly Confident	Neither Confident Nor Not Confident	Slightly Not Confident	Not at All Confident
Perform an accurate, complete or focused history and physical exam in a prioritized, organized manner without supervision and with respect for the patient.	44%	41%	15%	1%	1%
Integrate patient data to formulate an assessment and develop a list of potential diagnoses that can be prioritized, leading to a selection of a working diagnosis.	31%	47%	21%	2%	1%
Select and interpret common diagnostic and screening tests using evidence-based and cost-effective principles when approaching a patient in any setting.	27%	48%	23%	2%	1%
Write safe and indicated orders and prescribe therapies or interventions in a variety of settings (e.g. inpatient, ambulatory, urgent or emergent care) without direct supervision.	19%	39%	31%	11%	2%
Provide accurate, focused and context-specific documentation of a clinical encounter in either written or electronic formats.	34%	46%	18%	Ι%	1%
Present a concise oral summary of a patient encounter to achieve a shared understanding of the patient's condition.	32%	47%	20%	1%	1%
Identify key clinical questions in caring for patients, identify information resources, and retrieve information and evidence that will be used to address those questions.	29%	50%	20%	Ι%	1%
Perform safe and effective transitions of responsibility for patient care from one health care team or practitioner to another.	25%	46%	24%	4%	2%
Participate as a contributing and integrated member of an interprofessional team and fully embrace the value of teamwork in patient care.	37%	44%	18%	Ι%	1%
Promptly recognize a patient who requires urgent or emergent care, initiate evaluation and treatment, and seek help.	32%	46%	20%	1%	1%
Obtain consent for tests and/or procedures for which I know the indications, contraindications, alternatives, risks and benefits.	29%	44%	23%	3%	2%
Understand systems, identify system failures, and intervene in systems to improve quality and safety in health care.	24%	44%	26%	4%	2%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "(5) Very Confident" + "(4)." Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "(5) Very Confident" + "(4)."

Table 56: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of how confident you are in your current ability to perform the following skills without direct supervision (i.e., with no supervisor in the room)

	Very Confident	Slightly Confident	Neither Confident Nor Not Confident	Slightly Not Confident	Not at All Confident
Intravenous (IV) line insertion	10%	14%	17%	28%	32%
Phlebotomy	11%	15%	16%	27%	30%
Bag-valve-mask (BVM) ventilation	25%	7%	29%	28%	11%
Cardiopulmonary (CPR)	25%	6%	30%	30%	8%
Osteopathic manipulative treatment	22%	2%	33%	31%	12%
Simple laceration or excision repair	35%	3%	29%	24%	9%

Light blue highlighted categories are those where \leq 70% are "(5) Very Confident" + "(4)." Grey highlighted categories are those where \geq 90% are "(5) Very Confident" + "(4)."

Table 57: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of School's Involvement in Clerkship Years

	Stud	dents
	%	#
Adequate Involvement	48%	1,834
Some, but Inadequate, Involvement	29%	1,124
Outstanding involvement	14%	539
Excessive Involvement	2%	72
Not Involved	7%	269

Table 58: Type of School Involvement During Clerkship Years, 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors

	Stu	dents
	%	#
E-Mail	74%	3,061
Virtual Platforms	55%	2,261
Learning Management System	46%	1,904
Distance Learning	34%	1,392
Clinical Skills Assessment	36%	1,506
COMLEX-USA Level 2-CE Preparation	42%	1,722
Newsletter	20%	842
Faculty Visits	16%	671

Table 59: Percentage of Time Devoted to Various Activities During Clerkship Years, 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors

	Student	s' Time
	%	#
Inpatient Care, Including Reading X-ray Films and Laboratory Work	33%	4,023
Outpatient Care	28%	4,023
Test Preparation	17%	4,023
Residency Application Activities	11%	4,023
Research	4%	4,023
Extended/Long-Term Care	4%	4,023
Other	4%	4,023

Table 60: COMLEX-USA and USMLE Examinations - 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors

	Students					
COMLEX-USA	2022	-2023	2021	-2022	2020-2021	
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Level 1 – Passed 1st Attempt	95%	3,678	95%	4,842	95%	4,096
Level 2-CE – Passed 1st Attempt	96%	3,722	96%	4,889	97%	4,152
USMLE						
Step 1 – Attempted Examination	92%	2,346	68%	3,463	63%	2,730
Step 1 – Passed 1st Attempt*	98%	2,287	96%	3,327	97%	2,652
Step 2 CK – Attempted Examination	85%	2,171	57%	2,896	55%	2,366
Step 2 CK – Passed 1st Attempt*	98%	2,133	98%	2,822	98%	2,326
Step 3 – Planning to Attempt Examination	36%	916				

 $^{{}^{*}\}text{Percentage}$ of those attempting the respective examinations.

Table 61: Interprofessional Medical Education Participation - Graduating Seniors 2022-2023

		Students									
	2022	-2023	2021	-2022	2020-2021						
	%	#	%	#	%	#					
Did Participate	78%	3,039	83%	4,262	84%	3,602					
Did Not Participate	15%	598	13%	663	12%	506					
Unsure	7%	252	4%	188	5%	192					

Table 62: Types of Interprofessional Medical Education - Graduating Seniors 2022-2023

	Students Participating									
	2022	-2023	2021	-2022	2020-2021					
	%	#	%	#	%	#				
Preclinical Education	86%	2,834	83%	3,710	88%	3,276				
Pharmacy	74%	2,428	72%	3,209	77%	2,817				
Nursing	69%	2,281	65%	2,887	76%	2,789				
Clinical Education	64%	2,122	61%	2,694	64%	2,392				
Physician Assistant	56%	1,832	58%	2,596	60%	2,187				
MD Medicine	42%	1,376	44%	1,949	45%	1,645				
Physical Therapy	42%	1,369	41%	1,809	45%	1,644				
Advance Practice Nursing (NPs)*	41%	1359	43%	1916						
Social Work	36%	1,192	38%	1,687	37%	1,344				
Occupational Therapy	30%	975	28%	1,242	32%	1,152				
Podiatry	23%	746	19%	864	23%	829				
Dentistry	22%	737	22%	1,000	26%	946				
Psychology	18%	583	19%	850	19%	688				
Public Health	12%	401	14%	624	17%	624				
Optometry*	11%	357	9%	396						
Veterinary Medicine	9%	291	7%	330	9%	317				
Other	3%	113	3%	114	5%	161				

^{*}In 2021-2022 additional participating health profession programs were included in the Graduations Seniors Survey.

Table 63: Settings of Interprofessional Medical Education - Graduating Seniors 2022-2023

	Students Participating									
	2022-2023		2021	-2022	2020-2021					
	%	#	%	#	%	#				
Patient-Centered Case Studies	58%	1,916	57%	2,546	63%	2,314				
Active Engagement with Patients	56%	1,831	55%	2,432	60%	2,212				
Lecture (Clinical Subject)	41%	1,357	42%	1,891	47%	1,722				
Clinical Simulations	39%	1,298	39%	1,718	48%	1,751				
Skills Training in Team Settings	36%	1,192	33%	1,483	37%	1,327				
Lecture (Basic Science)	33%	1,079	31%	1,381	35%	1,279				
Community Projects or Service Learning	17%	546	20%	868	25%	908				
Other	3%	93	3%	142	2%	86				



Table 64: 2022-2023 Participating Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Interprofessional Medical Education

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
The learning experiences with other health professionals helped me to better understand the roles of other health professionals in patient care.	27%	46%	19%	5%	2%
I believe the learning experiences with other health professionals will contribute to/improve my performance as an osteopathic physician.	32%	45%	17%	4%	3%

Table 65: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors' Evaluation of Percentage of Training Delivered by MD Physicians

	None	1%-25%	26%-50%	51%-75%	76%-100%	
During the First Two Years of Medical School	4%	35%	37%	18%	5%	
During Required In-Hospital Rotations	20%	44%	29%	6%	1%	
During Required Ambulatory Primary Care Rotations	14%	34%	38%	11%	3%	
During Required Ambulatory Non-Primary Care Rotations	17%	36%	35%	9%	3%	
During Selectives/Electives	21%	38%	32%	7%	1%	

Table 66: Immediate Post-Graduate Plans, Graduating Seniors‡

	Stu	dents	Ge	ender		I	Race-Ethni	city	
	%	#	Male	Female	White	Asian	Hispanic/	Black or	All Others
							Latino	African	
Osteopathic Focus/Integrated Residency								American	1
2022-2023	1%	20	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%
2021-2022	0%	22	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%
2020-2021									
ACGME transitional year with Osteopathic									
Recognition									
2022-2023	2%	64	2%	1%	2%	1%	3%	4%	1%
2021-2022	2%	73	2%	1%	1%	1%	3%	2%	1%
2020-2021	2%	78	3%	1%	2%	2%	1%	4%	2%
ACGME transitional year without Osteopathic									
Recognition									
2022-2023	3%	129	5%	2%	3%	4%	4%	1%	4%
2021-2022	5%	229	6%	3%	5%	4%	4%	4%	4%
2020-2021	6%	235	7%	5%	6%	5%	6%	2%	6%
ACGME Residency w/ Osteopathic Recognition									
2022-2023	25%	932	26%	24%	26%	23%	23%	24%	25%
2021-2022	25%	1,227	25%	24%	24%	25%	23%	24%	29%
2020-2021	27%	1,097	27%	27%	27%	27%	28%	28%	25%
ACGME Residency w/o Osteopathic Recognition									
2022-2023	64%	2,430	60%	68%	64%	66%	63%	67%	63%
2021-2022	63%	3,158	60%	67%	63%	64%	64%	65%	58%
2020-2021	59%	2,425	55%	62%	59%	59%	54%	58%	58%
Research or Other Non-Residency Activity									
2022-2023	1%	27	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	2%	1%
2021-2022	1%	71	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	3%
2020-2021	2%	66	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%	1%
Governmental/military service residency with									
Osteopathic Recognition									
2022-2023	1%	52	2%	1%	2%	1%	3%	0%	3%
2021-2022	2%	73	2%	1%	2%	1%	2%	1%	3%
2020-2021	2%	60	2%	1%	2%	1%	2%	0%	2%
Governmental/military service residency without									
Osteopathic Recognition									
2022-2023	2%	84	3%	2%	3%	1%	3%	0%	3%
2021-2022	2%	104	2%	2%	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%
2020-2021	2%	84	3%	1%	2%	1%	2%	2%	5%
Undecided									
2022-2023	1%	53	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%	2%
2021-2022	1%	56	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1%
2020-2021	2%	92	2%	2%	1%	3%	5%	4%	2%
Total									
2022-2023	100%	3,791	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2021-2022	100%	5,013	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2020-2021	100%	4,137	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.



[‡] In 2021-2022 AACOM updated the "Immediate Post-Graduate Plans" question to align with the Single Graduate Medical Education Accreditation System.

Table 67: Board Certification Plans - Graduating Seniors

	Stu	dents	Ge	ender		Race-Ethnicity		icity		
	%	#	Male	Female	White	Asian	Hispanic/ Latino	Black or African American	· All Others*	
Osteopathic AOA Boards										
2022-2023	39%	1,479	36%	42%	40%	37%	42%	47%	42%	
2021-2022	38%	1,901	37%	40%	38%	40%	38%	32%	40%	
2020-2021	34%	1,393	31%	38%	33%	35%	38%	36%	31%	
Both AOA and ABMS Boards		,								
2022-2023	18%	687	20%	17%	17%	22%	17%	23%	19%	
2021-2022	21%	1,034	21%	21%	19%	23%	22%	30%	21%	
2020-2021	19%	767	19%	18%	17%	21%	19%	26%	24%	
Allopathic ABMS Boards										
2022-2023	10%	381	13%	8%	10%	11%	10%	7%	9%	
2021-2022	11%	521	13%	8%	11%	9%	10%	14%	10%	
2020-2021	17%	686	20%	12%	17%	16%	15%	9%	13%	
Other										
2022-2023	1%	35	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	0%	
2021-2022	1%	36	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	
2020-2021	1%	25	1%	0%	0%	1%	2%	0%	1%	
Not Planning Board Certification										
2022-2023	0%	П	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	
2021-2022	0%	12	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
2020-2021	0%	7	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Undecided										
2022-2023	32%	1,192	31%	32%	33%	30%	28%	22%	30%	
2021-2022	30%	1,478	29%	30%	31%	26%	29%	24%	29%	
2020-2021	30%	1,258	29%	32%	32%	27%	26%	28%	32%	
Total		•								
2022-2023	100%	3,785	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
2021-2022	100%	4,982	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
2020-2021	100%	4,136	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 68: Reasons Given for Taking ABMS (Allopathic) or Both Boards*

	Students						
	2022-	-2023	202	I-2022	2020-2021		
	%	#	%	#	%	#	
ABMS board certification is more widely recognized	78%	833	72%	1,115	71%	1,030	
ABMS board certification provides more opportunities	66%	703	61%	947	59%	850	
ABMS board certification has more colleague acceptance	47%	501	41%	639	51%	740	
Hospital privileges more readily obtained with ABMS board certification	37%	397	34%	526	39%	559	
ABMS board certification carries more prestige	36%	387	34%	530	38%	550	
Personal desire for dual certification	41%	436	36%	565	31%	443	
Licenses more readily obtained with ABMS board certification	35%	376	31%	474	35%	505	
It is a requirement of the residency program	25%	266	21%	325	20%	293	
Other	4%	39	6%	88	8%	122	

^{*}Each respondent indicating plans to take ABMS or both boards could choose one or more of the listed reasons influencing board certification choice.



Table 69: Long-Range Career Plans, Graduating Seniors

	Sti	udents	Ge	ender			Race-Ethni	icity	
	%	#	Male	Female	White	Asian	Hispanic/ Latino	Black or African American	All Others
Hospital or Other Type of Private Practice									
2022-2023	35%	1,319	35%	35%	39%	31%	31%	37%	27%
2021-2022	40%	1,976	38%	42%	43%	36%	32%	37%	37%
2020-2021	60%	2,481	58%	62%	64%	59%	54%	51%	48%
Self-Employed, with or without a Partner									
2022-2023	10%	363	12%	8%	10%	8%	12%	4%	11%
2021-2022	11%	541	12%	10%	10%	12%	15%	8%	13%
2020-2021	12%	492	14%	10%	12%	11%	12%	11%	13%
Practice in an HMO									
2022-2023	1%	45	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	%	2%
2021-2022	2%	104	2%	2%	2%	4%	2%	1%	2%
2020-2021	2%	72	2%	2%	1%	3%	2%	1%	2%
Academic Medicine§									
2022-2023	4%	137	3%	4%	4%	4%	2%	4%	3%
2021-2022	4%	202	4%	4%	4%	4%	3%	5%	6%
2020-2021									
Federally Qualified Health Center§									
2022-2023	4%	166	4%	5%	4%	4%	11%	7%	4%
2021-2022									
2020-2021									
Fellowship§									
2022-2023	22%	844	23%	22%	21%	27%	22%	30%	24%
2021-2022	23%	1,115	24%	22%	22%	25%	24%	19%	18%
2020-2021									
Government, NHSC, Military, VA, etc.									
2022-2023	4%	151	5%	3%	5%	2%	4%	2%	8%
2021-2022	4%	213	5%	4%	5%	2%	5%	5%	8%
2020-2021	5%	193	5%	4%	5%	2%	7%	4%	11%
Other Professional Activity				.,,			. , •	.,,	
2022-2023	1%	22	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%
2021-2022	1%	65	1%	1%	1%	1%	3%	2%	1%
2020-2021	6%	243	6%	6%	5%	7%	7%	16%	2%
Undecided				5 /5		. , •	770	. 0,0	-/-
2022-2023	19%	721	17%	21%	17%	21%	17%	15%	21%
2021-2022	15%	744	14%	16%	13%	15%	17%	24%	15%
2020-2021	16%	65 I	15%	15%	13%	18%	19%	17%	24%
Total	,			/ •		. 3,0	17/0	/ -	= -/•
2022-2023	100%	3,768	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2021-2022	100%	4,960	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2020-2021	100%	4,132	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races



[§]In 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 additional long-range career plans were included in the Graduations Seniors Survey.

Table 70: Plans to Work as a Hospitalist*

	Students									
	2022-2023		2021-	-2022	2020-2021					
	%	#	%	#	%	#				
Yes	22%	821	24%	1,170	22%	906				
No	45%	1,723	47%	2,325	46%	1,884				
Unsure	33%	1,251	30%	1, 4 81	33%	1,345				
Total	100%	3,795	100%	4,976	100%	4,135				

Table 71: Planned Patient Care as a Hospitalist*

	Students									
	2022-	-2023	2021-	2022	2020-2021					
	%	#	%	#	%	#				
Full-time (at least 36 hours a week)	80%	650	82%	954	78%	707				
Part-time (less than 36 hours a week)	14%	117	13%	154	13%	119				
Unsure	6%	51	5%	60	9%	79				
Total	100%	3,328	100%	1,168	100%	905				

Table 72: Planned Research Involvement as a Hospitalist*

Students									
2022-2023		202	1-2022	2020-2021					
%	#	%	#	%	#				
52%	428	54%	627	54%	492				
13%	102	15%	169	14%	125				
6%	46	7%	77	4%	33				
30%	242	25%	296	28%	255				
100%	818	100%	1,169	100%	3,768				
	% 52% 13% 6% 30%	% # 52% 428 13% 102 6% 46 30% 242	2022-2023 202 % # % 52% 428 54% 13% 102 15% 6% 46 7% 30% 242 25%	% # % # 52% 428 54% 627 13% 102 15% 169 6% 46 7% 77 30% 242 25% 296	2022-2023 2021-2022 2020-202 % # % 52% 428 54% 627 54% 13% 102 15% 169 14% 6% 46 7% 77 4% 30% 242 25% 296 28%				

Table 73: Size of Location Planned for Practice After Residency

	Students						
	2022-2023		202	2021-2022		2020-2021	
	%	#	%	#	%	#	
Major Metropolitan Area (1,000,001 +)	17%	624	19%	940	18%	753	
Metropolitan Area (500,001 - 1,000,000)	19%	702	20%	1,001	18%	745	
City (100,001 - 500,000)	23%	864	24%	1,170	24%	998	
City (50,001 - 100,000)	10%	380	11%	529	11%	448	
City or Town (10,001 - 50,000)	14%	503	11%	557	12%	482	
City or Town (2,501 - 10,000)	4%	166	4%	183	4%	180	
Area 2,500 or less	1%	24	1%	41	1%	21	
Undecided	13%	473	11%	526	12%	473	
Total	100%	3,736	100%	4,947	100%	4,100	

Table 74: Plans to Practice in Underserved/Shortage Area

	Students								
	2022-2023		2021-	-2022	2020-2021				
	%	#	% #		%	#			
Yes	40%	1,525	43%	2,134	41%	1,696			
No	15%	555	15%	746	16%	648			
Unsure	45%	1,708	42%	2,085	43%	1,774			
Total	100%	3,788	100%	4,965	100%	4,118			

Table 75: Percentage of Students Who Plan to Practice in Underserved/Shortage Areas

		Students						
	202	2022-2023 2021-2022		-2022	2020-2021			
Gender	%	#	%	#	%	#		
Male	35%	625	40%	992	38%	787		
Female	45%	890	47%	1,121	45%	846		
Race/Ethnicity								
White	40%	884	43%	1,244	40%	962		
Asian	35%	295	36%	394	39%	342		
Hispanic/Latino	49%	156	49%	216	49%	161		
Black or African American	69%	66	69%	103	69%	69		
All Others*	48%	66	53%	80	35%	44		
Marital Status								
Married/Cohabiting	44%	549	47%	770	45%	629		
Single	39%	964	42%	1,334	40%	1,007		
Financial Status				,		,		
Independent	45%	999	47%	1,436	45%	1,138		
Dependent	34%	505	37%	661	36%	461		
Parental Income								
\$49,999 and less	51%	221	54%	308	50%	249		
\$50,000 - \$99,999	45%	356	48%	564	44%	426		
\$100,000 - 199,999	40%	426	41%	554	39%	430		
\$200,000 or more	35%	374	39%	488	38%	380		
Parental Education								
Graduate/Professional Degree	38%	712	41%	1,004	41%	796		
Bachelor's Degree	39%	403	44%	580	39%	429		
No College Degree	48%	383	47%	509	45%	396		
	. 1		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1.5,5			

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 76: Plans to Practice in Underserved/Shortage Area by Type

		Students									
	2022-2023		2021-	-2022	2020-2021						
	%	#	% #		%	#					
Inner-city	28%	427	31%	650	43%	73 I					
Rural	39%	588	40%	845	49%	829					
Suburban/Urban*	29%	438	26%	547							
Other	4%	63	4%	87	8%	131					
Total	100%	1,516	100%	2,129	100%	1,691					

^{*}In 2021-2022 additional underserved/shortage area types were included in the Graduations Seniors Survey.

Table 77: Percentage of Students Who Plan to Practice in Inner-city Underserved/Shortage Areas

		Students							
	2022	-2023	2021	2021-2022		2020-2021			
Gender	%	#	%	#	%	#			
Male	25%	154	25%	252	39%	304			
Female	30%	270	35%	393	47%	393			
Race/Ethnicity									
White	23%	204	25%	304	31%	297			
Asian	39%	115	42%	164	67%	229			
Hispanic/Latino	34%	52	34%	74	54%	87			
Black or African American	44%	29	55%	57	75%	52			
All Others*	25%	16	26%	21	43%	19			
Marital Status									
Married/Cohabiting	22%	121	25%	190	33%	209			
Single	32%	303	34%	452	50%	497			
Financial Status									
Independent	25%	250	29%	413	39%	443			
Dependent	34%	172	35%	228	53%	243			
Parental Income									
\$49,999 and less	33%	72	35%	107	51%	128			
\$50,000 - \$99,999	27%	96	29%	161	44%	187			
\$100,000 - 199,999	28%	118	29%	159	39%	165			
\$200,000 or more	28%	105	33%	161	42%	159			
Parental Education									
Graduate/Professional Degree	28%	199	31%	306	40%	320			
Bachelor's Degree	25%	100	30%	171	44%	189			
No College Degree	32%	123	32%	161	47%	184			

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 78: Percentage of Students Who Plan to Practice in Rural Underserved/Shortage Areas

	Students							
	2022	-2023	2021	-2022	2020-2021			
Gender	%	#	%	#	%	#		
Male	45%	281	45%	441	54%	424		
Female	34%	304	35%	395	45%	382		
Race/Ethnicity								
White	50%	438	51%	639	61%	588		
Asian	18%	52	16%	62	27%	91		
Hispanic/Latino	29%	45	33%	71	39%	62		
Black or African American	9%	6	16%	16	15%	10		
All Others*	35%	23	33%	26	46%	20		
Marital Status								
Married/Cohabiting	49%	268	50%	387	61%	382		
Single	33%	316	34%	447	42%	419		
Financial Status								
Independent	43%	432	44%	63 I	53%	604		
Dependent	30%	151	31%	202	40%	184		
Parental Income								
\$49,999 and less	30%	65	36%	109	42%	104		
\$50,000 - \$99,999	43%	151	43%	245	49%	210		
\$100,000 - 199,999	40%	170	40%	219	52%	224		
\$200,000 or more	37%	140	37%	182	51%	194		
Parental Education								
Graduate/Professional Degree	41%	292	39%	395	51%	405		
Bachelor's Degree	41%	164	41%	234	48%	207		
No College Degree	32%	122	41%	206	47%	187		

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 79: Percentage of Students Who Plan to Practice in Suburban/Urban Specialty Shortage Areas†

		Students						
	2022	2022-2023			2020-2021			
Gender	%	#	%	#	%	#		
Male	26%	163	26%	260				
Female	31%	274	26%	285				
Race/Ethnicity								
White	23%	203	21%	263				
Asian	41%	121	38%	148				
Hispanic/Latino	34%	30	29%	63				
Black or African American	46%	53	25%	26				
All Others*	31%	20	31%	25				
Marital Status								
Married/Cohabiting	26%	140	22%	170				
Single	31%	297	28%	374				
Financial Status								
Independent	28%	274	23%	335				
Dependent	32%	158	31%	205				
Parental Income								
\$49,999 and less	35%	77	26%	81				
\$50,000 - \$99,999	26%	91	25%	142				
\$100,000 - 199,999	28%	120	27%	150				
\$200,000 or more	31%	115	26%	127				
Parental Education								
Graduate/Professional Degree	27%	190	26%	260				
Bachelor's Degree	30%	121	27%	153				
No College Degree	32%	122	25%	125				

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

[†]In 2021-2022 additional underserved/shortage area types were included in the Graduations Seniors Survey.

Table 80: Planned Specialization - Graduating Seniors

·			Student	:s		
	2022	-2023	2021-	-2022	2020	-202 I
	%	#	%	#	%	#
Family Medicine Primary Care	22%	822	22%	1083	22%	909
Internal Medicine, General Specialties	24%	899	23%	1161	9%	389
Pediatrics, General	8%	317	9%	438	3%	141
Internal Medicine, Subspecialty					14%	570
Emergency Medicine	11%	426	11%	557	12%	490
Psychiatry	6%	214	5%	27 I	5%	214
Pediatrics, Subspecialties	0%	211			4%	180
Anesthesiology	5%	176	5%	238	5%	215
OB/GYN and Subspecialties	4%	148	4%	193	4%	163
Surgery, General	4%	139	4%	204	3%	122
Radiology and Subspecialties					3%	129
Orthopedic Surgery	2%	79	2%	99	2%	82
Neurology	3%	102	2%	115	2%	84
Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation Med.	3%	100	3%	133	2%	102
Critical Care					1%	39
Surgery Subspecialties					1%	29
Sports Medicine					1%	43
Dermatology	1%	34	1%	47	1%	35
Pathology	1%	50	1%	61	1%	46
Geriatrics Medicine					0%	16
Otolaryngology	0%	13	0%	18	0%	6
Ophthalmology/Reconstructive Surgery	0%	10	0%	24	0%	13
Plastic Surgery	0%	3	0%	9	0%	15
Preventive Medicine	0%	4	0%	17	0%	8
Thoracic Surgery	0%	3	0%	ı,	0%	9
Osteopathic Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine	0%	9	0%	16	0%	17
Allergy and Immunology	1%	21	0%	19	0%	3
Urology/Urological Surgery	1%	20	0%	21	0%	9
Medical Genetics and Genomics	0%	4	0%	1	0%	2
Vascular Surgery	0%	3	0%	8	0%	6
Nuclear Medicine	0%	Ī	0%	i	0%	2
Child Neurology	0%	16	0	ii l		
Diagnostic Radiology	2%	75	0	150		
Interventional Radiology	0%	18	0	20		
Neurodevelopmental Disabilities	0%	14	0	4		
Neurological Surgery	0%	2	0	14		
Radiation Oncology	0%	4	0	7		
Colon Rectal Surgery					0%	5
Undecided or Indefinite	1%	52	1%	62	1%	41
Total	100%	3,778	100%	5,003	100%	4,134
TOTAL	100%	3,776	100%	3,003	100%	т, г э т

^{*}In 2021-2022 the specialties were updated to align with the

Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) specialty selections.



Table 81: Primary Care Plans, Graduating Seniors

		Students							
	2022-2023		2020-	2021	2019-2020				
	%	#	%	#	%	#			
Primary Care	54%	2,038	54%	2,682	35%	1,439			
Non-Primary Care	45%	1,688	45%	2,259	64%	2,654			
Undecided	1%	52	1%	62	1%	41			
Total	100%	3,778	100%	5,003	100%	4,134			

Table 82: Percentage of Graduating Seniors Who Plan to Practice in Primary Care Specialties

	Students						
	202	2022-2023 2020-2021		2019-2020			
Gender	%	#	%	#	%	#	
Male	50%	893	49%	1,239	31%	643	
Female	57%	1,136	58%	1,401	39%	730	
Ethnicity							
White	52%	1,141	51%	1,471	33%	795	
Asian	61%	503	62%	679	38%	337	
Hispanic/Latinio	55%	174	54%	240	39%	129	
Black or African American	53%	50	54%	80	36%	36	
All Others*	58%	79	54%	81	35%	45	
Marital Status							
Married/Cohabiting	54%	677	53%	883	38%	532	
Single	54%	1,344	54%	1,739	34%	849	
Financial Status							
Independent	52%	1,152	53%	1,616	35%	889	
Dependent	58%	85 I	55%	989	36%	461	
Parental Income							
\$49,999 or less	53%	228	58%	335	39%	194	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	55%	434	57%	67 I	38%	366	
\$100,000 - 199,999	55%	590	54%	735	35%	385	
\$200,000 or more	53%	557	51%	642	31%	313	
Parental Education							
Graduate/Professional Degree	53%	995	53%	1,299	34%	667	
Bachelor's Degree	56%	575	54%	708	34%	368	
No College Degree	53%	415	55%	596	38%	335	
Parental Profession							
DO/MD†	54%	263	52%	347	33%	175	
Non-DO/MD	49%	118	56%	183	31%	85	

 $[\]dagger$ Category includes respondents who indicated a DO/MD father and/or mother.

^{*}All Others include respondents indicating American Indian and Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander or multiple races.

Table 83: Planned Specialty Choice Decision Factors

Mean Influence Rating*

	2022-2023	2021-2022	2020-2021
Intellectual Content of the Specialty	3.0	3.3	3.2
Like Dealing with People	2.9	3.1	3.0
Skills/Abilities	2.9	3.0	3.0
Lifestyle	2.9	3.0	3.0
Role Models	2.6	2.7	2.6
Desire for Independence	2.6	2.7	2.6
Academic Environment	2.5	2.7	2.6
Like the Emphasis on Technical Skills	2.5	2.6	2.7
Previous Experience	2.4	2.5	2.4
Peer Influence	2.1	2.1	2.1
Opportunity for Research/Creativity	1.9	1.9	1.8
Prestige/Income Potential	1.8	1.9	1.9
Debt Level	1.7	1.8	1.9
Program has Osteopathic Recognition†	1.1	1.0	1.0

^{*}Scale from 0 to 4; 0 being "No Influence," 4 being "Major Influence."

Table 84: Planned Specialty Choice - Non-Under Represented Minority and Under Represented Minority

	M	lean Influence Rating*					
			nder	Non-Under			
	All Students	Repr	esented	Represented			
		Mir	Minority		ority		
		Male	Female	Male	Female		
Intellectual Content of the Specialty	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1		
Like Dealing with People	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.8	3.0		
Skills/Abilities	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9		
Lifestyle	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.8		
Role Models	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6		
Desire for Independence	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.5		
Academic Environment	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6		
Like the Emphasis on Technical Skills	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.4		
Previous Experience	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.4		
Peer Influence	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0		
Opportunity for Research/Creativity	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.8		
Prestige/Income Potential	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.6		
Debt Level	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.9	1.6		
Program has Osteopathic Recognition†	1.1	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.0		

^{*}Scale from 0 to 4; 0 being "No Influence," 4 being "Major Influence."



Table A1: 2022-2023 Graduating Seniors Response

Rate to the AACOM Graduating Seniors Survey

Response Rate Range	Number of COMs		
	2022-2023	2021-2022	2020-2021
90% or more	16	25	17
75% - 89%	3	1	3
50% - 74%	3	4	5
25% - 49%	9	7	14
Less than 25%	18	9	6
Mean response rate for all COMs	53%	72%	63%

Table A2: 2022-2023 Response Rate to Debt, Scholarship and Specialty Survey Questions

	Response Rate
Debt	
Total Osteopathic Medical Education Loans	61%
Unsubsidized Stafford or FFELP	54%
Subsidized Stafford or FFELP	30%
Graduate PLUS	48%
Perkins	20%
Loans for Disadvantaged Students (LDS)	20%
Primary Care Loan (PCL)	20%
Other State-Issued Loans	19%
Osteopathic Association Loans	19%
Alternative Loans	20%
Other	21%
Family Loans to be Repaid by Student	55%
Non-Educational Debt	76%
At Entry, Loans Owing for Undergraduate Education	84%
At Entry, Loans Owing for Post-Bac Education	83%
Scholarships/Grants	
Total Scholarships/Grants	34%
National Health Service Corps Scholarship	19%
Veterans Affairs Health Professionals Scholarship	19%
Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship	20%
Post-9/11 GI Bill	19%
Indian Health Service Scholarship	18%
Department of Defense Tuition Assistance	18%
Scholarships for Disadvantaged Students	18%
Diversity/Minority Scholarship	19%
Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE)	18%
State Government Scholarship/Grant	19%
Award from Osteopathic Medical School	24%
Tuition Waiver	18%
Osteopathic Association	19%
Other Sources	21%
Specialty	
Specialty Choice	91%
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